

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

T. W. NUZUM, M. D.,
Surgeon and Physician
Office hours: 10 to 12, 2 to 4, and
7:30 to 8:30. Office 321 Hayes Block.
Residence 407 Court street. Tel.: New,
No. 1033. Residence Phone—New
923, white; Old 2512.

CORYDON G. DWIGHT, M. D.
207 Jackson Bldg.
Practice Limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Consultation from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5
and by appointment.
New Phone 890. Old Phone 2762

Dr. T. F. Kennedy
DENTIST.
CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A
SPECIALTY.
Tallman Bldg., Over Badger Drugstore.

DR. FREDERICK C. LINDSTROM
OSTEOPATH
Suite 522-23 Hayes Block
Rock Co. Phone 314
Licensed by Wisconsin Board of Medical
Examiners.

EDITH V. BARTLETT, M. D.
SPECIALIST
Diseases of Women and Children
and Nervous Diseases a Specialty
212 Jackson Block.
Office Phone No. 372. Res. 616 Red.

J. J. GUNNINGHAM,
LAWYER.
No. 216 Hayes Block.
Janesville : : : Wisconsin

FRANCIS C. GRANT
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Janesville, - - - Wis.
Lorejoy Block Telephone 224.

MISS AMY WOODRUFF.
Columbia College of Expression
Will give both private and class les-
sons in Elocution and Physical Culture
Address 9 Clark St. Tel. 983 Blue.

THE "RACKET"
WISH YOU A HAPPY AND
PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

Never-lose Key Tag.....10c
Key Rings.....10c
Ready Change Holder.....10c
Coin Banks.....10c
Aluminum Cups.....10c
Aluminum Soap Boxes.....10c
Japanese Toothpick Boxes.....3c
Berry Pins.....3c
Dress Pins, doz.....5c
Cute Pins.....5c
Mourning Pins, box.....2c
Nickel Ink Stand.....10c
Whisk Broom Holder.....10c

"THE RACKET"
153 West Milwaukee St.

PRE-INVENTORY SPECIALS

After the busy Christmas week we find many broken lots of merchandise. We offer special prices to close them out. Note the following:
Children's heavy fleece lined underwear, sizes 24 to 34, regular price 30c, special, 25c a garment.
Ladies' Ribbed Underwear, Royal fleece lined, finest quality, regular 50c value, special, 43c each.
Men's Jersey Work Shirts, 50c quality at 43c.
Men's Leather Mittens, lamb lined, horsehide fronts, regular \$1.25 value, special, at \$1.00 a pair.
We have gathered many odds and ends of Glassware, etc., of the regular 10c goods, special, to close at 5c each.

MRS. E. HALL,
55 W. Milwaukee Street.

Business Directory

Flour and Feed
DOTY.
The place to buy and sell grain and corn. The best place in Janesville to have your grain ground. New Mill, largest capacity.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.
City Improvement Notice.
Published by authority of the common council of the city of Janesville.
Office of the City Clerk, Janesville, Wis., Nov. 23th, 1906.
To whom it may concern:
Notice is hereby given that a contract has been let for improving Washington street from the northerly side of West Bluff street to the southerly side of Rayne street by grading, macadamizing an the laying of gutters and curbing, and that the expense of said improvement chargeable to the real estate has been determined, as to each parcel of said real estate, and a statement of the same is on file with the city clerk.
It is proposed to issue bonds chargeable to the real estate to pay the improvement, and such bonds will be issued covering all of said assessments except in cases where the owners of the property file with the city clerk within thirty days after the date hereof, a written notice that they elect to pay the special assessment, or a part thereof, on their property, describing the same, on presentation of the city clerk.
A. E. BADGER,
City Clerk.

NEWS BUDGET FROM THE TOBACCO CITY

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Edgerton, Jan. 2.—The Misses Martha, Myrtle, Edna and Madge Sullivan have issued invitations for a dancing party to be given in Academy hall on Friday evening, Jan. 4th.
Sutton-Mulline Nuptials.
Announcements have been received by local friends of the marriage of Jessie Sutton to Frank Mulline of Seattle, Wash. Miss Sutton is the eldest daughter of Mrs. Fanny Sutton and has made Michigan City her home for the past couple of years.
Church Services.
At the Congregational church Rev. L. A. Parr chose for his morning subject, "The God of the Threshold," and in the evening, "The Open Door."
A New Year's theme was the subject of the morning discourse at the M. E. church. On Saturday, Sunday and Monday evenings special services will be held.
At the Sunday morning service at the Norwegian Lutheran church Rev. Linnevald delivered his discourse in English. On New Year's morning a special service was held at 10:30.
The Ladies Aid Society at the M. E. church met with Mrs. C. G. Biederman Wednesday afternoon.
Baumgartner's orchestra furnished music for a public dance in Academy hall Monday evening.

Personal Brevities.
Miss Gertrude Spencer spent Saturday with Janesville relatives.
E. E. Clemens of Janesville was a local visitor on Friday.
Miss Ella Kollar of Chicago is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Scott Hatch.
Miss Beatrice Casson of Ford River, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. Chas. Birkenmeyer.
L. D. Barker of Janesville was a local visitor on Saturday.
N. O. Naset, who has been spending the week with local relatives, returned to his home in Eau Claire.
Roy Nickolson of Milwaukee and Delos Nickolson of Chicago were local visitors last week.
Prof. W. A. Clarke of Eau Claire spent Saturday and Sunday greeting old friends here.
Miss Mary Mawhinney is up from Geneseo, Ill., for a couple of weeks with her parents here.
Miss Della Burns of Milwaukee is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. J. M. Joico.
Miss Anna Moulthrop has returned to her home here after spending the summer in Janesville.
Theo. Coaster spent a portion of the week with his people in Milwaukee.
N. T. Pomeroy and John Mawhinney were Janesville visitors on Friday.
Miss Fay Mack is spending the week at Kilbourn.
Miss Ira Tracy is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. A. Dickerson.
Miss Elsie Fathens of Janesville is the guest of Miss Edith Maltress.

WANT ANOTHER HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED
Jefferson County Physician Will Ask Legislature to Establish Institution in Their County.
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Fort Atkinson, Jan. 1.—At the annual meeting of the Jefferson County Medical society several matters of importance to the medical profession were discussed and a movement was set on foot whereby a bill will be presented at the approaching session of the legislature for the establishment of a home for the feeble-minded, a state institution for Jefferson county. An institution of this nature is badly needed as the present one at Chippewa Falls is overcrowded and over one thousand applications are now on file.
It being the annual meeting officers were elected for the ensuing year. They were as follows: President—Dr. William F. Whyte; vice-president—Dr. T. F. Shinnick; secretary and treasurer—Dr. Carl R. Feld; censor—Dr. W. H. Outway. The next meeting will be held in this city the last Tuesday in March.
Flagman's Shanty Affire.
Fire, caused by an overheated stove, nearly destroyed the flagman's shanty at the North Main street crossing of the North-Western road Saturday morning. The shanty was occupied by John Steckel, who left the building for a few minutes on an errand.

Candidate for Pulpit.
Rev. P. H. Ralph of Antigo, occupied the pulpit at the Pilgrim Congregational church last Sunday, as a candidate for the pastorate. Mr. Ralph preached two excellent sermons which made a deep impression on his hearers.
For Episcopal Church.
Parties are making an attempt to establish an Episcopal church in this city. For some time services have been held at the Knights of Pythias hall on Sunday afternoons, conducted by the Rev. Robert Mason of Jefferson.

When the early morning comes, you will be delighted if you have Mrs. Austin's Pancakes for breakfast.

TUBERCULOSIS TEST REVEALS CONDITION
Fort Atkinson Cow Shown to Be Unhealthy Died from Nails, Spike and Iron Nut in Stomach.
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Fort Atkinson, Jan. 1.—Emil Wurst, who lives on a farm in Waterloo, has had a peculiar experience with one of his cows. Some weeks ago his herd was examined for tuberculosis. One of the cows did not give a good test and was separated from the others and kept in the barn. A few days afterward the cow died, and a post-mortem examination disclosed the fact that in the cow's stomach there were four ten-penny nails, one large spike, and a large iron nut. The spike had perforated the walls of the stomach, causing the death of the animal. It is thought that the nails were carelessly left in a feed box, the barn having been recently been built, and that the cow picked them up with food. The incident shows pretty conclusively that the tests for tuberculosis show whether or not cattle are in a healthy condition.

SENATOR WHITEHEAD ON SPEAKERS' LIST
Will Be One of the Speakers at the State Y. M. C. A. Meeting in La Crosse.
On January 17 to 20, the thirty-second annual state convention of the Wisconsin Y. M. C. A. will be held at La Crosse and the Janesville association is planning to send a large delegation. The program of speakers is especially good this year including Y. M. C. A. workers of national reputation. Among others are: Dr. W. B. Riley of Minneapolis; Fred B. Smith of New York, secretary of the national committee; C. E. Willis of Milwaukee; George F. Werner of Oshkosh;

A New Stomach
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Restore Lifeless Organs to Normal Condition.
A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE.
Many a sufferer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and kindred ailments of the digestive organs carries around an absolutely useless stomach—a dead load, and a cesspool for ever-increasing disorders. The muscles are seemingly worn out, the mucous lining has lost its secretory power, and food taken into the stomach lies there and ferments, causing sour eructations, belching, heartburn, dizziness and other distressing conditions. Many sufferers have given up in despair until they have been induced by some interested friend to try a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the dyspeptic's sure and only hope. They are a natural restorative of healthy action to the stomach and small intestines, because they supply just the elements that the weak stomach lacks—pepsin, diastase, golden seal and other digestives.
If you are afflicted with any of the symptoms above described, be assured that your digestive organs are losing power;—they need help and there is no more sensible help to be given them than to supply elements which will do the work of digestion for them.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been found by the test of reputable physicians in the United States and Great Britain to have remarkable digestive powers, one grain of the active principle of these tablets being sufficient to digest 3,000 grains of ordinary food. It is plain that no matter what the condition of your stomach, or how far your disease has progressed, one only of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets taken at meal time will do the work—give your stomach an opportunity to begin its lost powers, the muscles will be strengthened, the glands invigorated, and you will be a new man.

It costs nothing to prove the effectiveness of this cure. Send for a free sample package today. F. A. Stuart, Dr. Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich. All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 25 cents a box.

ENTERTAINED MANY BY HER OWN MUSIC
Mrs. Carrie Jacobs Bond, Noted Composer, Visited Janesville During Holidays.
Mrs. Carrie Jacobs Bond, who is well known throughout the country as a composer of songs of childhood, spent the holidays in Janesville. She entertained the members of a ladies' card club with an informal recital last week at the home of Mrs. E. P. Doty in Forest Park. Mrs. Bond plays and sings her own compositions and her songs are well known throughout the country; and her royalties bring her a comfortable income. While in Europe last season Mrs. Bond appeared at Sarah Bernhardt's theatre and her recital there was a distinct success.

KICKERS' KOLUM.
To the Editor:
In this twentieth century, these days of the "strenuous life," when all energy, mental and physical, is called into action in the busy every-day life of our business men, what words can express the wonder it creates to see such men as the members of the Janesville Twilight Club, take the time from their own business affairs to devote it to the interests of others, to the general welfare of the public.

Let us pause in our hurried daily life and ask, why is it? Why such men are so employed. Why take so much active interest in matters which seem so foreign to their own interests, as the establishing of a home in their city where the sick and injured may be nursed and where the poor and needy may be comforted. Yes, let us pause and listen to the answer which will be whispered by the angels into our listening ears.

The answer is like this: These men have heard the song of the angels, sung over nineteen hundred years ago, which at this joyous season is repeated over the whole earth and has been echoed and re-echoed down through the ages in every city, village and hamlet in every home from cottage to castle, its sweet strains have awakened in all hearts the sentiments instilled by those heaven-born words, "Glory to God in the highest, peace on earth, good will to men." Those words have stirred the hearts of good men in every age and clime. Janesville Twilight Club has caught the inspiration. Yes, men of good will are filled with the desire to do good to their fellow man.

Many others be inspired to emulate their noble example and aid them in their efforts to procure a place in our city where this inspiration may be made a reality.
The men of the Twilight Club have seen the star of Bethlehem. Its brightness has not grown dim because of its antiquity, nay, rather has its luster increased in each succeeding age, its light leads to the crib of Jesus, who came to teach "good will to men" and charity to all the human family. All honor to the Twilight Club, and may the men, who have the opportunity of co-operating with them, be actuated by the saying of a wise and wealthy man of yore, who, when questioned as to how he regarded his wealth, replied, "What I give away I have, what I spent I had, but what I leave behind me at death belongs to others. Let Janesville men thus give to this good work, thus putting their money where it will be their eternal reward. For remember, when a man dies, men will ask what he left behind him, but the angels ask what he has sent before him, and he is rewarded accordingly.

May the Babe of Bethlehem bless the noble Twilight Club, and may the Star of the Magi shed upon them rays of peace and joy eternal.
AN ADMIRER.

are so employed. Why take so much active interest in matters which seem so foreign to their own interests, as the establishing of a home in their city where the sick and injured may be nursed and where the poor and needy may be comforted. Yes, let us pause and listen to the answer which will be whispered by the angels into our listening ears.
The answer is like this: These men have heard the song of the angels, sung over nineteen hundred years ago, which at this joyous season is repeated over the whole earth and has been echoed and re-echoed down through the ages in every city, village and hamlet in every home from cottage to castle, its sweet strains have awakened in all hearts the sentiments instilled by those heaven-born words, "Glory to God in the highest, peace on earth, good will to men." Those words have stirred the hearts of good men in every age and clime. Janesville Twilight Club has caught the inspiration. Yes, men of good will are filled with the desire to do good to their fellow man.

Many others be inspired to emulate their noble example and aid them in their efforts to procure a place in our city where this inspiration may be made a reality.
The men of the Twilight Club have seen the star of Bethlehem. Its brightness has not grown dim because of its antiquity, nay, rather has its luster increased in each succeeding age, its light leads to the crib of Jesus, who came to teach "good will to men" and charity to all the human family. All honor to the Twilight Club, and may the men, who have the opportunity of co-operating with them, be actuated by the saying of a wise and wealthy man of yore, who, when questioned as to how he regarded his wealth, replied, "What I give away I have, what I spent I had, but what I leave behind me at death belongs to others. Let Janesville men thus give to this good work, thus putting their money where it will be their eternal reward. For remember, when a man dies, men will ask what he left behind him, but the angels ask what he has sent before him, and he is rewarded accordingly.

May the Babe of Bethlehem bless the noble Twilight Club, and may the Star of the Magi shed upon them rays of peace and joy eternal.
AN ADMIRER.

LINK AND PIN
Northwestern Road.
Fireman Wilkie laid off to attend the Fireman's Ball last evening.

Engineer Claude Gollmar, a brother of the famous Gollmar brothers, circus magnates, and Fireman Slater, who spend his summers as a clown with the Ringling Brothers' shows, were in the city from Baraboo last Saturday evening.

Fireman Garry is relieving Fireman J. Heagney on the way freight.
Bert Dennott of the night roundhouse force was off duty last evening.
Engineer Hager is laying off and his place in the night roundhouse pool is being taken by C. B. Smith.
Fireman Whitman Smith is on runs 512 and second 509.
Engineer J. W. Coen was on the seven o'clock switchengine last night.
Fireman Birkness is relieving Fireman Berrell in the north end freight pool with Engineer Hagner.

Engineer Shinnway reported for work this morning on runs 556, 550, 553 and second 533 after being relieved few trips by Engineer H. E. Williams.
J. McCarthy of the roundhouse force has resumed work after a few days' vacation spent in Madison.

Engineer McMarrow relieved Engineer Cole on the six o'clock switchengine last night.
Fireman C. A. Yates has taken the day switchengine job and B. W. Toiles will go on the night job with Engineer Cole.
Harry Bixby has returned to his former position as agent at Shopiere.

Henry Meyer of the day roundhouse force is off duty and is being relieved by Paul Cridelich.

Old People
NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

TWO MEN WHO WERE IN CLOSE SYMPATHY
Roosevelt and Cassatt Had Many of the Same Ideas as to Railway Regulation.
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Washington, D. C., Jan. 2.—Far-reaching as its effect on the railroad world may be, the sudden death of President A. J. Cassatt is already a subject of much discussion in Washington in its relations to politics. Those experts who realize the necessary interdependence and need for cooperation between the government and commercial enterprises already point to its significance. In a word, it removes one of the most powerful influences in the field of business for a desired proper solution by the government of the great problems of the day.

There is no doubt that President Cassatt, looking ahead, understood that the question of the regulation of corporations was one of the great and most intricate before the country. While Secretary Root's report speech is still causing surprise, it in a large measure simply recognized the need for dealing with those problems which Mr. Cassatt foresaw. As the head of one of the greatest railroads in the world, his stand during the consideration of the rate bill in backing up President Roosevelt is now, in the light of subsequent events, taken here merely as an indication of his foresight.

The loss of a leader and co-worker of such prominence and influence, it is now pointed out, is much to be regretted, whether viewed from a party or a national standpoint. In the solution of the large problems of business which are now occupying such an important position, he was looked upon in Washington by the supporters of Mr. Roosevelt's policies as an exceptionally valuable aid, whose loss is to be deeply deplored.

The President in his message plainly indicated his belief in the regulation of large corporations by the federal government, but he has plainly indicated that such regulation should be achieved with the utmost care and regard for the business development of the country. Hasty, ill-considered, or too drastic regulation he indicated as being too dangerous to allow anything but the most painstaking care in the solution of these problems. In the sentiment already crystallizing about the President's ideas in this matter, Mr. Cassatt's influence was expected to be a leading factor.

Like Mr. Roosevelt he believed that national regulation instead of heterogeneous, ineffective and, harmful state laws should be advocated, and through his position his backing was warmly welcomed. Like the President, also, Mr. Cassatt deplored the tendency to look upon all corporations as harmful because of the sins of a few, the two men standing together in their belief in the right sort of regulation and their antagonism to indiscriminate trusts, halting as a menace to the country's prosperity.

Politicians here who feel to personal loss in Mr. Cassatt's death, are nevertheless outspoken in their belief that it is particularly untimely. The question of the regulation of corporations is, in the fore-front, and the harmful workings of the business communities of extreme and ineffective laws passed by certain western states shows the dangers which must be avoided. In the case of one state, at least, a law founded on the demagogic utterances and fostering of class feeling which the President deplored in his message, has already cost that state millions of dollars in lost business, without bringing about a single benefit.

Undoubtedly the two presidents, Roosevelt and Cassatt, each seeing things in his own way, hoped as strongly to avoid such legislation and its consequent ill effects as they hoped, and in the case of President Roosevelt, continue to hope and work for proper regulation. It is generally stated here that in the work for such proper regulation as both of them stood for, as well as in the equally important task of stilling the demagogic cry and preventing ill-considered legislation, Presidents Roosevelt and Cassatt represented the best interests of the country. Mr. Cassatt undoubtedly was conservative, but conservative in the new sense in comparison with extremists, realizing as he did the need of proper regulation of corporations. It is therefore not surprising that his loss is looked upon here as a national calamity.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Prolapsing Piles in 6 to 14 days or not refunded, 50c.

Evil of Self-Love.
The root of all discontent is self-love.—Clarke.

GOOD RESOLUTIONS.
Cut These Out and Paste Them Where You Will See Them Every Day.
I will not be careless about my health.
I will never allow a cold to take off—it wears away the lungs instead.
I will remember that pneumonia can be prevented by taking in time Father John's Medicine.

I will avoid "Patent Medicines," "Cough Cures" and so-called "Immediate Relief Remedies."
I will remember that what is taken for relief is instead deadening of the nerves by the opium and other poisonous drugs which the majority of them contain, which weaken the body while the disease remains and gets a stronger hold.

I will remember that Father John's Medicine is neither a "Patent Medicine" nor a "Cough Syrup," and it is all pure nourishment from Opium, Morphine or other Poisonous Drugs.

I will remember that Father John's Medicine builds up and gives strength, at the same time cures colds, coughs, throat and lung

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.
Vinol contains all the medicinal elements of cod liver oil in a concentrated form, taken from fresh cods' livers, the useless oil eliminated and tonic, not added.
It is because we know so well of what Vinol is made that we offer to return money if it fails to benefit. Smith-Drug Co.

TWO MEN WHO WERE IN CLOSE SYMPATHY

Roosevelt and Cassatt Had Many of the Same Ideas as to Railway Regulation.
[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Washington, D. C., Jan. 2.—Far-reaching as its effect on the railroad world may be, the sudden death of President A. J. Cassatt is already a subject of much discussion in Washington in its relations to politics. Those experts who realize the necessary interdependence and need for cooperation between the government and commercial enterprises already point to its significance. In a word, it removes one of the most powerful influences in the field of business for a desired proper solution by the government of the great problems of the day.

There is no doubt that President Cassatt, looking ahead, understood that the question of the regulation of corporations was one of the great and most intricate before the country. While Secretary Root's report speech is still causing surprise, it in a large measure simply recognized the need for dealing with those problems which Mr. Cassatt foresaw. As the head of one of the greatest railroads in the world, his stand during the consideration of the rate bill in backing up President Roosevelt is now, in the light of subsequent events, taken here merely as an indication of his foresight.

The loss of a leader and co-worker of such prominence and influence, it is now pointed out, is much to be regretted, whether viewed from a party or a national standpoint. In the solution of the large problems of business which are now occupying such an important position, he was looked upon in Washington by the supporters of Mr. Roosevelt's policies as an exceptionally valuable aid, whose loss is to be deeply deplored.

The President in his message plainly indicated his belief in the regulation of large corporations by the federal government, but he has plainly indicated that such regulation should be achieved with the utmost care and regard for the business development of the country. Hasty, ill-considered, or too drastic regulation he indicated as being too dangerous to allow anything but the most painstaking care in the solution of these problems. In the sentiment already crystallizing about the President's ideas in this matter, Mr. Cassatt's influence was expected to be a leading factor.

Like Mr. Roosevelt he believed that national regulation instead of heterogeneous, ineffective and, harmful state laws should be advocated, and through his position his backing was warmly welcomed. Like the President, also, Mr. Cassatt deplored the tendency to look upon all corporations as harmful because of the sins of a few, the two men standing together in their belief in the right sort of regulation and their antagonism to indiscriminate trusts, halting as a menace to the country's prosperity.

Politicians here who feel to personal loss in Mr. Cassatt's death, are nevertheless outspoken in their belief that it is particularly untimely. The question of the regulation of corporations is, in the fore-front, and the harmful workings of the business communities of extreme and ineffective laws passed by certain western states shows the dangers which must be avoided. In the case of one state, at least, a law founded on the demagogic utterances and fostering of class feeling which the President deplored in his message, has already cost that state millions of dollars in lost business, without bringing about a single benefit.

Undoubtedly the two presidents, Roosevelt and Cassatt, each seeing things in his own way, hoped as strongly to avoid such legislation and its consequent ill effects as they hoped, and in the case of President Roosevelt, continue to hope and work for proper regulation. It is generally stated here that in the work for such proper regulation as both of them stood for, as well as in the equally important task of stilling the demagogic cry and preventing ill-considered legislation, Presidents Roosevelt and Cassatt represented the best interests of the country. Mr. Cassatt undoubtedly was conservative, but conservative in the new sense in comparison with extremists, realizing as he did the need of proper regulation of corporations. It is therefore not surprising that his loss is looked upon here as a national calamity.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Prolapsing Piles in 6 to 14 days or not refunded, 50c.

Evil of Self-Love.
The root of all discontent is self-love.—Clarke.

GOOD RESOLUTIONS.
Cut These Out and Paste Them Where You Will See Them Every Day.
I will not be careless about my health.
I will never allow a cold to take off—it wears away the lungs instead.
I will remember that pneumonia can be prevented by taking in time Father John's Medicine.

I will avoid "Patent Medicines," "Cough Cures" and so-called "Immediate Relief Remedies."
I will remember that what is taken for relief is instead deadening of the nerves by the opium and other poisonous drugs which the majority of them contain, which weaken the body while the disease remains and gets a stronger hold.

I will remember that Father John's Medicine is neither a "Patent Medicine" nor a "Cough Syrup," and it is all pure nourishment from Opium, Morphine or other Poisonous Drugs.

I will remember that Father John's Medicine builds up and gives strength, at the same time cures colds, coughs, throat and lung

NEED VINOL
it strengthens and vitalizes
With old age comes feebleness and loss of power; the organs act more slowly and less effectively; the blood is thin, sluggish and watery; digestion is weak and food is not assimilated as it used to be.
Vinol repairs worn tissues and checks the natural decline. It tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, makes rich, red blood, and strengthens every organ in the body. In this natural manner

The Janesville Gazette

Business Office Open Saturday Evenings.

Entered at the Postoffice at Janesville, Wisconsin, as Second Class Mail Matter.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition—By Carrier.
One Month \$5.00
One Year \$50.00
One Year, cash in advance 5.00
Six Months, cash in advance 2.50

CASH IN ADVANCE.

One Year \$4.00
Six Months 2.00
One Year—Rural Delivery in Rock County 3.00
Six Months—Rural Delivery in Rock County 1.50

WEEKLY EDITION—One Year.

Long Distance Telephone, No. 77.
Editorial Rooms 77-3
Business Office 77-2
Job Room 77-4

WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Rain or snow tonight, Thursday; warmer east tonight; decidedly colder Thursday.

A GRAVE CHARGE

The New York Sun attacks the President viciously in every issue. It recently said: "By his words and deeds, the President has arrayed class against class, and is responsible for a greater unrest and a greater uneasiness in the air than there was before Sumpter was fired on." The Wall Street Journal in commenting says: "No graver charge was ever made against a President of the United States. The Wall Street Journal holds no retainer for Mr. Roosevelt. It is no servile eulogist of him. It is no advocate of a 'third term.' It recognizes the limitations of his genius. It laments his occasional mistakes. Nevertheless its most profound conviction is that instead of inciting the 'unrest' which the Sun describes, he has with conspicuous foresight and wisdom adopted the best, the only, policy calculated to prevent this unrest from spreading into a conflagration. He is a defender of wealth, the guardian of the rights of property, because he has sought to remove just those wrongs in the use of wealth which, if permitted to extend themselves, would have been the excuse for demagogism and the motive for socialism. It there should be a business reaction in this country during his term of office it will not be on account of Mr. Roosevelt's policy, but because prosperity leads to excess. And right here it may be said that there has never been a year in which prosperity was greater than in this year, in which the Roosevelt policy of regulation has been put into law."

HOW IT IS IN PITTSBURGH

H. N. Casson, writing for Munsey's Magazine, has this to say of swollen fortunes in Pittsburgh: "In Pittsburgh, all that is gold does not glitter. The thick-jawed workman who sits beside you in the street-car may be the chief of five thousand men. In business hours, at least, it is difficult to tell the average millionaire from his janitor. It is said that once upon a time, one of these ordinary-looking Titans of industry entered a New York jewelry store. The clerks first ignored him, supposing him to be a rural sightseer. When he asked to see some silver plate he was turned over to a young salesman, who indifferently pointed out some of the cheapest goods. "Show me your best," said the rough-looking man. "The cynical clerk placed before him several pieces of the most artistic silverware that the hand of a silversmith can fashion, and then smote him with the price, expecting it to be a finishing blow. 'This is twenty-seven hundred dollars,' he said. 'This is thirty-five hundred dollars,' and that is five thousand dollars." "I'll take them all," quietly said the ungloved, unshaven customer. "Now show me some larger pieces." "The clerk gazed, then deferentially brought to notice the finest treasures of the show-case. The old Pittsburgher added piece to piece, until his bill was sixty-five thousand dollars. Writing out a check for the full amount, he handed it, with his address, to the astonished salesman, walked out of the store, and—halled a street car. "Is this check all right?" asked the clerk of the cashier. "All right," exclaimed the cashier. "Why, that's Lockhart, of Pittsburgh. His signature would be good in this store for fifty million dollars." "Still more recently, one of Pittsburgh's inconspicuous millionaires of steel was arrested at night outside his own door by a policeman who mistook him for a burglar. In spite of his threats and protests, he was thrown into a cell with two common drunks, and left unidentified until morning. Several of Pittsburgh's wealthiest men have not grown out of the frugal habits which they formed in previous days of poverty. Of one—a bank president—it is said that his usual meal at noon consists of a five-cent glass of beer and the cheese and pretzels of the free-lunch counter."

Saw Virtue in Tobacco.

Here is something from the London Lancet, published after the Boer war, following the contention that the English South African troops endured years as severe as any suffered by the men of the duke of Wellington: "We are inclined to believe that, used with moderation, tobacco is of value, second only to food itself, when long privations and exertions are to be endured." (This probably was written by a smoker, but we are not sure of it.)

SANG FOR INMATES OF COUNTY HOUSE SUNDAY

The inmates of the county house were given a New Year's treat Sunday when an excellent musical program was furnished by A. D. Chattle and Mrs. V. Weber of this city, assisted by the Misses Bonds and Schmidt of Chicago. The Litany of Mrs. Weber, the solos, "For All Eternity" and "The Holy City," of Mr. Chattle, and the duets and choruses were highly appreciated.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to W. W. Woodring are hereby notified to call at the store formerly occupied by him and settle same at once.

O. D. ROWE, Trustee.

HAS NEWFOUNDLAND DOG WEIGHING HUNDRED TEN

Robert Hockett Possessor of Hundred-Dollar Canine from Famous Kennels.

Among the most valuable dogs now owned in Janesville is "Miss Toga," a rough coated Newfoundland belonging to Robert Hockett. The animal is two years old and weighs a hundred and ten pounds. It came recently from the famous Willowmere Farm at South Beach, Conn., and cost a hundred dollars.

THE TRUE ROAD TO SUCCESS

People Who Work for Money Get Nothing Else.

The man who writes solely for money gets nothing else. Game is not for him. By the law of compensation we get that for which we work or get nothing. If we work for money, and get anything, we get money and only money. The writer whose work endures writes for expression, writes because he cannot help it, writes with no object in view save to express a thought that he cannot suppress. And so it is with every kind of work.

The best that is in us will not respond to the call for mere money. If you would succeed you must work because you like to work—you must get in some position where your daily work is your very life, and the compensation is a matter of course. If you can find that kind of position, your salary will take care of itself, and in it you cannot fail, however little you may seem to accomplish.

On Canadian Soil.

King Edward once said that he spent the most exciting and nervous moment of his life on a prairie in Canada when he visited that country as a youth. He was in no danger of being scalped by a red Indian or eaten by wolves or gored by a maddened bison. His anxiety and nervousness were simply due to his efforts to light a match. The prince and his party were miles away from human habitation; they wanted to smoke and had only one match between them. Lots were cast as to who would strike it. The lot fell on the prince, and with great difficulty he managed to get the light, which was to supply them with fire till their return to civilization.

Fence For Big Game Preserve.

E. F. Mitchell of Fort Worth, Tex., is preparing under contract with the federal government to build forty-two miles of wire fence in the Wichita game preserve, says the Kansas City Star. The fence will be six feet high. From the ground the first two feet will be so closely meshed that young quail cannot pass through it. Then will come three feet of two and a half inch wire mesh and then three barbed wires four inches apart. Iron posts may be used.

Weather.

Temperature last 24 hours taken U. S. registered thermometer at Heim's drug store: 7 a. m., 30; 3 p. m., 38; highest, 38; lowest, 25; wind, southeast; rain.

Buy It in Janesville.

THE JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1907.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

MONUMENT FOR DONKEY

Marble Shaft to Be Erected Over Its Grave.

DISCOVERER OF RICH GOLD MINES

Jacob Goetz of Coeur d'Alene, Ida., Tells How a Little Burro Was the Means of Locating Two Valuable Mines—Pet of Children and Given Every Luxury For Years.

Jacob Goetz, proprietor of the Coeur d'Alene theater, has given orders for the erection of a marble shaft costing \$250 over the grave of a donkey which died a few days ago, says a Boise (Ida.) correspondent of the St. Louis Republic.

Bill, the name that will be inscribed on the shaft, was no ordinary donkey, but was known far and near as the "famous \$1,000,000 donkey." Even this title did him scant justice, as he was the discoverer of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan gold mines, estimated to be worth \$10,000,000, and the total output of which has already exceeded twice this sum, with a yearly dividend of \$2,100,000.

The mines were estimated to be worth \$4,000,000 at the time the donkey, while standing in the court at Boise, Ida., marked "Exhibit A," heard Judge Norman Buck hand down the following opinion, which determined the ownership of the mine:

"From the evidence of the witnesses this court is of the opinion that the Bunker Hill mine was discovered by the donkey, Phil O'Rourke and N. S. Kellogg, and as the animal was the property of the plaintiffs, Cooper & Peck, they are entitled to a half interest in the Bunker Hill and a quarter interest in the Sullivan claims."

N. S. Kellogg thereupon bought the donkey for \$250 cash and employed a man at a salary of \$50 a month to care for the animal the rest of his life. That was twenty-one years ago. Bill was six years old at the time. For twenty-one years he has enjoyed every luxury, has been the pet of children in the neighborhood and honored by visitors from all parts of the world.

A few days ago Bill was called to a place where all good donkeys go, and it was the receipt of this news that caused Goetz to announce that he will erect a monument to the memory of the famous animal.

Goetz and Cooper & Peck located the Sullivan mine. Goetz tells of the finding of the famous mine by the donkey as follows:

In the fall of 1885, N. S. Kellogg, a veteran prospector, rode into camp at Murray with samples of ore which he had just discovered. He was in the employ of Cooper & Peck of Spokane, Wash., having been grub staked by them. His employees pronounced the specimens he brought in worthless, whereupon Kellogg showed them to Phil O'Rourke, who saw the value of the ore and arranged with Kellogg to return to the claim. At that time O'Rourke was being grub staked by Goetz & Baer of Spokane. These men supplied the grub stake for both Kellogg and O'Rourke when they started in quest of the claim which Kellogg had located. They hadn't the price of a mule and started with their equipment on their backs.

The second day out, however, they chanced upon the donkey, which had wandered from camp. They transferred their equipment to his back and tramped up the canyon until they reached Mile Creek, three miles from the south fork of the Coeur d'Alene river.

There the donkey wandered away again, and when O'Rourke found him he was browsing on a mountain side, where he had pawed up some moss, uncovering a quantity of solid galena lead and silver ore.

When Cooper & Peck found that their donkey had been pressed into service they claimed an interest in the mine under the grub stake law, and after a long legal battle through two courts, finally established their rights.

Novel Plan to Irrigate Florida.

Senator W. L. Clayton probably has the most unique irrigation system in Colorado, says a Greeley correspondent of the Denver News. It is in the form of three huge storage tanks, made of steel, that have been placed on a piece of dry land just north of Greeley, Colo. The tanks have a combined capacity of 50,000 gallons. For next season's crop Clayton will have a pumping plant installed at each of these tanks, and when filled they will have plenty of water for a good irrigation of the fields. The tanks were first used by Dr. S. R. Oppenheim in attempting to prove his theory that potato starch could be separated from the tubers by the centrifugal method, the same as beet sugar. The system proved a failure, and Senator Clayton and W. D. Bothwell of Racine, Wis., bought the plant and put in the washing system of starch making, which has been in successful operation for two years. The tanks, costing thousands of dollars, were thrown out and lay about as useless scrap iron until Clayton hit upon the idea of utilizing them in his unique irrigation system.

Trading with Japan.

There is a probability of Argentina and Brazil supplanting Australia in the trade with Japan so far as the supply of foodstuffs is concerned. Not only has the Japanese government granted a subsidy to a Japanese-South American line, but the immigration of Japanese workers to South America is also to be encouraged, especially to Brazil, where a Japanese bank is to be established.

Roman Relics.

Two ancient earthenware crocks, containing bronze and silver coins of the Roman period, have been dug up in Groveley wood, England.

Notice.

The D. of R. social will be postponed until Thursday evening, Jan. 17th, on account of Bro. Atwood's death.

Denmark Is Stingiest of All with Her Legislators.

The Norwegian member of parliament gets only 13 shillings a day, and if the hard-working legislator takes a day off he loses his pay, says London Answers. The same is the case with members of the Swiss diet. They are rewarded with 16 shillings a day, on condition that they do not absent themselves from work.

To go further east, we find that Roumania thinks her lawmakers worth one pound sterling a day. Sixteen shillings a day is the salary of those who compose the Bulgarian sobranje, but members who live in the capital get 12 shillings daily.

Denmark is about the stingiest of all European countries, so far as remunerating her lawmakers is concerned. Danish members of parliament get but six shillings, eight pence a day; but, on the other hand, they have the odd privilege of a free seat in the Royal theater at Copenhagen.

While the members of the German reichstag are not salaried, yet the lawmakers of the various German states do not work for nothing. Saxony's members of parliament are paid 13 shillings, of Bavaria ten, and of Hesse nine.

At first sight Hungary seems to do her lawmaking on the cheap plan, for her members get £200 a year in cash. But they are not so badly off, after all, for a liberal allowance is made into the bargain for house rent. Austria-Hungary's two legislative assemblies cost the country about £160,000 a year in all. Both the Austrian and Hungarian legislatures can travel first-class with second-class tickets.

Besides the United Kingdom, Italy and Spain are the only countries which pay nothing to their members of parliament. Nevertheless, the cost of the Italian parliament is estimated at £85,000 a year.

In Portugal, also, the state does not remunerate legislators, but they receive free railway passes, and their constituencies are legally permitted to pay those who represent them a sum of about 15 shillings for each day of the session.

Peculiarity of Turks.

"Turks are extremely peculiar," writes a traveler, "in regard to the quality of water they drink, and are willing to be at much trouble and expense to obtain water of the kind they prefer. To be a perfect beverage, water must issue from a rock, fall from a height, be of medium temperature, flow rapidly and copiously, taste sweet, spring in high and lonely ground and run from south to north or east to west. The excellence of any water is accordingly determined by the number of these conditions it fulfills. It is remarkable how much pleasure Turks find in visiting a famous spring in the country, to spend the whole day beside it, under the shade of trees, doing little else but drink carafe after carafe of the water, as the elixir of life. Reports of this description abound on the shores of the upper Bosporus under such names as the Water of Life, the Silver Water, the Water Under the Chestnut Tree, the Water Beside the Hazels. The spectacle of the great gatherings there on Fridays, arrayed in bridal colors, seated tier above tier on the terraced platforms built against the green slope of the hill, the women above, the men below, all in the deep shade of the branches meeting overhead, forms a picture beyond a painter's power to reproduce."

Queens Are Tallest.

There is hardly a king in Christendom to-day whose wife does not overtop him by a head. The czar is overtopped a full head by the czarina. Kaiser Wilhelm is of medium height, but the German empress is tall, and that is why the proud Kaiser will never consent to be photographed beside his wife unless she sits while he stands. The king of Italy, short and squat, hardly comes up to the shoulders of his tall, athletic Queen Helena. The king of Portugal, though taller, is less tall than his queen. Even the prince of Wales is a good four inches shorter than the princess. The young king of Spain is several inches shorter than Queen Victoria. The queen of Denmark towers above her royal spouse.

Cooperation in Germany.

There are in Germany 2,508 cooperative stores societies, having a membership of over 1,200,000. The value of goods sold by them increased from 147,000,000 marks (mark 23.5 cents) in 1903 to 230,000,000 in 1905. The profits realized (which accrue to the benefit of the members) were 12,000,000 and 18,000,000 marks respectively, for the years mentioned. Many of these various retail cooperative stores have their wholesale purchasing companies which supply them at original cost, they are thereby enabled to secure lowest wholesale prices.

Absent-Minded.

The Boston lawyer who tried to kiss a stenographer against her will need not have testified that he "forgot he was married." The evidence as to that was circumstantial, but complete.

H. McElroy, Attorney.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY, In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that a regular term of the County Court will be held in and for said county at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday, to-wit: the 15th day of February, 1907, at nine o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of A. J. Kilham for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Adam J. Kilham, late of the town of Lima in said county, deceased.

Dated January 2nd, 1907.

By the Court: J. W. SALE, County Judge.

H. McElroy, Attorney.

welljan23w.

REMINISCENCES OF CUTTE

"Poet Lariat" of "Innocents Abroad," Who Wrote Rhymes.

As the original of the "Poet Lariat" of Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad," the late Bloodgood H. Cutter, the lovable old "Farmer Poet of Long Island," was placed among the immortals years ago, says the New York Sun. His other claim to fame is the collection of verses he has written for many years, doggerel fired at any object in sight at the drop of the hat and read with amusement all over the country. Also there was a romance in his life, but that happened so long ago that few are left to tell of it.

A famous traveler and friend of monarchs, he had filled the old Cutter home at Douglaston with interesting mementoes of his wanderings. There, too, was a collection of one horse shays and other vehicles that antedated the civil war by many years, and it was amid these old relics of early days that the farmer consciously or unconsciously added to the gayety of things by sending forth his verses.

Pens and ink were not necessary to the poet. Even in the white heat of anger he would stop to saddle Pegasus. Only those who know his thriftiness and frugality can appreciate his anger when he once discovered several small boys stealing the incomparable Cutter apples. Nevertheless, in the middle of his wrath over the theft he did not forget his gift of poetry, but thundered forth from the orchard fence these memorable lines, of which he was not the author:

He who takes what is not his'n
Surely shall be sent to prison.

Disaster did not daunt him. On one occasion the horse he was driving along a Long Island road grew skittish. The ramshackle buckboard was too debilitated to stand the strain to which it was being subjected, and just as Mr. Cutter was passing a field in which were working two German farm hands the carriage broke down with a crash. From amid the wreckage of the old buckboard the poet sang to the Germans:

Here, ye lovers of sauerkraut,
Come here quick and help me out.

When Mr. Cutter accompanied the famous Innocents abroad he amused the travelers during the journey by reading nightly epics on anything that had happened since the last effusion, from peeling potatoes to a storm at sea. Twain offers this sample of the poet at his best:

Save us and sanctify us and finally then
See good provisions we enjoy while we
Journey to Jerusalem.

For so man proposes, which it is most true,
And time will wait for none, nor for us too.

This is one of the few examples of the poet's verse in which the verbs are not preceded by the word "did." He wrote thirty stanzas about Mrs. MacKay's election to the Roslyn school board. He wrote 100 separate "poems" on the subject of George Washington's coach, which he owned.

Old Fashioned Campaigning.

Charles Scott, one of the candidates in the Mississippi governorship race, will carry on his fight in the old-fashioned way, says the New York Tribune. He will make his trips from town to town on horseback, riding with his campaign committee. Whenever the party fall to reach a town at night they will camp out. Colonel Scott, who probably will be the next governor of Mississippi, says that the people of the state like the simple life and that he is determined to show them that he is willing to live it both now and after he is elected.

Monks' Mountain Motor Cars.

The St. Bernard monks drove one of their new powerful motor cars, specially constructed to transport heavy luggage from Martigny to the hospice, on the summit of the Grand St. Bernard, a few days ago, and next summer they will start a regular automobile service for tourists to the hospice.

Typewriter For the Nerves.

A prominent Boston physician has a new cure for nervous prostration. He is making, says the Boston Record, all his patients use the typewriter, as he claims the concentration necessary to operate the machine is very soothing for nerves on strike.

Their Only Value.

"I've got at least six complete novels," said Woody Riter, "which I have written from time to time, and have never shown to a publisher. I've had them several years, and I really believe they're growing more valuable each year." "I wouldn't be surprised," remarked Crittick. "The price of paper is steadily advancing."

CHICAGO CAR LORECEIPTS

Today. Contr. Est. Tomorrow

Wheat 112 11000 30 428

Corn 102 11000 30 428

Oats 110 11000 30 428

Hogs 110 11000 30 428

Minneapolis 110 11000 30 428

Duluth 110 11000 30 428

Chicago 110 11000 30 428

LIVE STOCK MARKET

Hogs 23000, 10 lower

Left over 3200

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle 26 00 steady

Sheep 22 00 weak to 10 low

Calves 112 11000 30 428

Omaha 11000 30 428

Hogs closed active

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

Hogs steady

Light 6 10 62 32

Mix 6 10 62 32

Heavy 6 10 62 32

Roll 6 10 62 32

Cattle steady

"Everybody Taking Account of Stock These Days."

That's what a party was doing the other day with his teeth.
His mind ran this wise:
"So many crowns in my mouth for which I paid \$10 each.
Several of them out of order and in bad shape.
So many crowns put in by Dr. Richards at \$5 each.
Have done me the best of service.
Are sound as a dollar.
They are the best teeth I have.
Wish I had had him fix all my teeth in the same way while he was about it."
He does good work.
His prices are "Live and let live."
Try him for your next dentistry.
Office over Hall & Styles' Jewelry Store, West Milwaukee street.

Cleaners & Dyers

Ladies Waists, fine Dresses and Spring Jackets Chemically Dry Cleaned.

Janesville Steam Dye House

Carl F. Brockhaus, Prop.

59 East Milwaukee St.



A NEW YEAR SEND OFF,

that will be enjoyed by those who love a good drive, we will give you a rig that will give you as happy a New Year's day as you have had in many a year. Our rigs are all up-to-date, comfortable and handsome, and our horses the best to be procured.

C. W. KEMMERER & CO.
North Bluff Street.

"The MODEL" BARBERSHOP

Our facial massages clear up the complexion and leave the skin soft and velvety.

A. J. BRENNAN, Prop.

WEST SIDE THEATRE ROLLER SKATING

Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday Nights and Every Afternoon.

Established 1855 THE First National Bank

Capital \$125,000
Surplus & Profits \$110,000

DIRECTORS
L. B. CARLSON, V. P. RICHARDSON,
S. C. COBB, THOS. O. HOWE,
GEO. H. HENNING, L. P. LOVEJOY,
J. G. REXFORD.

Three per cent interest paid in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

All sums deposited in the Savings Department during the first ten days of January, 1907, will draw interest from January first.

J. G. Rexford, Pres., L. B. Carle, Vice Pres., W. O. Newhouse, Cashier

If you care for rich, pure milk, delivered to you in sterilized glass bottles, hermetically sealed, then order PASTEURIZED MILK. It's the only kind that offers all these points.

JANESVILLE PURE MILK CO.
Gridley & Craft, Props.

JOHN C. HEMMENS CLAIMED BY DEATH

Pioneer Resident of City Passed Away on First Day of New Year.

John C. Hemmens passed peacefully away at his home, 163 Cherry street, about seven o'clock yesterday morning. Since Christmas time he had been confined to his home with bronchial trouble, which undermined his feeble constitution and ended in death. He was a native of England, seventy-seven years of age and a pioneer resident of Janesville. In the earlier days he was a prominent member of one of the volunteer fire companies and for twenty-seven years was employed in the furniture and undertaking establishment, now owned by Frank D. Kimball. Mr. Hemmens is survived by a widow, Mrs. Mary Hemmens, a son, M. Hemmens of Green Bay, and a daughter, Mrs. Harry Hoyle of Aurora, Ill. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at nine o'clock from St. Patrick's church.

Volney Atwood
The last sad rites over the remains of the late Volney Atwood were performed this afternoon. Funeral services were held at the home on South Franklin street at two o'clock. Rev. H. C. Boissier officiating. The attendance was very large, including many of the pioneer residents of the city. Members of the different Odd Fellows lodges were present in a body and accompanied the remains to Oak Hill cemetery. James A. Fathers acting as marshal. At the grave the funeral ceremonies of the order were performed by F. J. Clifton, Noble Grand, and S. C. Burnham, Chaplain of Wisconsin Lodge No. 14. The pallbearers were S. B. Kenyon, Edward Smith, Henry Rogers, E. Carter, O. P. Brunson and L. M. Nelson.

Wm. M. Roworth
The funeral of the late Wm. M. Roworth was held this morning from the family residence, No. 206 North Bluff street. While perhaps many readers of the Gazette may not be aware of it, Mr. Roworth was one of the old residents of Janesville. He was born in 1831 at Batavia, N. Y., and settled in Janesville more than fifty years ago where he was married and where his elder children were born. During the gold fever of the early sixties, he joined a company of gold seekers and traveled by ox teams across the plains to the New El Dorado, Pike's Peak. Soon thereafter he embarked in business at Central City and Denver, where for many years he was known as one of the most prominent business men of Colorado. At one time he was largely interested in cattle raising and was also engaged in wholesale hardware and mining supplies. Later in life he was overtaken by the financial reverses which came to so many business men of the west and closing out his interests he returned to Janesville in the year 1898. Except for short visits to the western country, he has been constantly in our midst since that time. But the voice of the West still called to him and he heard the summons. The old man of more than three score years and then resolved to make one more journey to his beloved "hill country." Ere his sands were run. Two months ago he turned his face toward the sunset with the cheery assurance to his loved ones that he "would be home for Christmas." At Goldfield, Nevada, he contracted pneumonia and it was there on Dec. 3rd, that the Grim Reaper found and touched him. Full of years and honored by all men who knew him, he now sleeps at Oak Hill, remembered as a gentle, kindly, upright man.

John H. Ball
The funeral of the late John H. Ball was held from the home on South Franklin street at two o'clock yesterday afternoon and rites were conducted by Rev. H. C. Boissier at Trinity church at half-past two. Song services were rendered by Miss Knippenberg, Mrs. H. C. Boissier, H. E. Ransom and Will Drummond. The pallbearers were O. D. Bates, W. J. Bates, Albert Gsell, Fred P. Grove, James Scott and Peter Jamieson. Interment was in Oak Hill.

A. C. Stuart
A. C. Stuart, a resident of the town of Plymouth for over half a century and a man held in the highest esteem by all who knew him, passed away at his home at six o'clock Sunday evening. Deceased was over eighty-six years of age. His health had been failing for several months, but it was only during the week immediately preceding his death that he was confined to his bed. He leaves three children: Leonard Stuart, with whom he made his home, and Arthur Stuart and Mrs. Frank Burton, both of Elgin, Ill.

FERRIS COMEDIANS HAVE BIG HOUSES

Matinee and Evening Performances Yesterday Were Well Patronized—Remain This Week.

Three immense audiences have greeted the Ferris Comedians, who are now playing a week's engagement at the Myers Opera House. The opening bill on Monday night was "Why Women Sin" and was very capably presented. Mr. Wilson and Juno Barlett holding leading roles. Yesterday there were two performances, one in the afternoon and the other in the evening. The company is one of the best seen in Janesville and has with them a number of vaudeville artists, including the Fenberg Trio, who perform between acts. Much special scenery is carried and is used in the various pieces.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

The O. E. S. Study class will meet Thursday afternoon at 2:30 at the home of Mrs. Percy Munger, 122 Madison street.

The officers of the Rock River-Encampment No. 3 will be installed Friday evening, January 4th. All members are invited to be present. W. E. Spicer, Chief Patriarch. J. A. Fathers, Scribe.

The King's Daughters of the Baptist church will meet Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the church parlors.

FINE DECORATIONS AT FIREMEN'S BALL

Model Engine with Headlight Made Pretty Effect When Other Lamps Were Extinguished.

Two hundred couples attended the fifteenth annual ball of Bower City Lodge, No. 885, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, given in Assembly hall last evening. Music was furnished by Kneff and Hatch's orchestra of seven pieces and the ball room was very elaborately decorated. Under the direction of Edward Amorphel the hall had been transformed into a brilliant bower, potted plants, flowers, foliage and incandescent lamps being used in profusion. Two inviting cozy corners were constructed, at one end of the hall and in the other stood a model engine, made of bunting. The headlight had been procured from one of the railroads and a very pretty effect was produced when for one dance the electricity was turned off and only the glow of the headlight shone upon the dancers. The party was in charge of the following committees: arrangements—J. E. Heagney, J. J. Russell, F. Harker, M. McCarthy; floor—A. Boltz, J. Higgins, M. Sullivan, T. F. Heagney, J. H. Palmer; reception—all members of the lodge and their ladies.

Whist Club Entertained
At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Peterson Monday evening the Alton Bridge-Whist club entertained at an elaborate dinner and card party. The home was attractively decorated with Christmas bells and greens and beautiful hand-painted place-cards attached to tiny Christmas trees and lighted candles were a part of the table setting. The prizes at bridge whist, a beautiful fork and pocket knife, were won by Miss Maria Jackman and Ralph Van Cleave. At the conclusion of the card playing several hours were devoted to a musical program. In addition to those who have been mentioned the following were present: Mr. and Mrs. Harry McNamara, the Misses Helen Nash, Mabel Jackman, Agnes Shumway, Janet Ford, and Mae Valentine; the Messrs. Charles F. Winston of Chicago, Bernard Palmer, Charles Reynolds, George Tallman, and Sam Echlin.

Mrs. J. L. Ford Hostess
Mrs. J. L. Ford entertained a company of friends at cards at her home on Madison street last evening. "Leap Year" Dancing Party
One of the most unique events of the present social season was the "Leap year" party in the East Side Odd Fellows' hall Monday evening. The hostesses were forty young ladies, members and former members of the Laetian society of the high school. The young ladies' not only took their partners to and from the party, but arranged the dance program, with the exception of two "extras" which were "gentlemen's choice." Music was furnished by Roy Carter's orchestra.

Watch Party Monday Night
Mr. and Mrs. George Schaller entertained fifteen young people at a watch party New Year's eve. The early part of the night was pleasantly spent in games and at midnight, as the old year died and the new arrived, the company sat down to a sumptuous two-course supper.

MISTAKE CAUSES A LOT OF TROUBLE

F. L. Stevens Chases a Man Whom He Thought Was Insulting Him and is Arrested.

Mistaking words addressed to the motorcar on an Interurban car by Conductor Joseph Gsell as being meant for him, Frank L. Stevens is alleged to have pursued Gsell even into his car with an open knife in his hands last Sunday. Gsell swore out a warrant for Mr. Stevens and this morning it was served and the case continued until tomorrow. According to Mr. Gsell he was addressing his motorcar who had laughed at him for trying to get into the St. Paul depot eating house last Sunday when it was closed, in choice sentiments. Mr. Stevens suddenly appeared and taking the words addressed to the motorcar as personal to himself pursued Gsell, even to the car and later through the car itself. Gsell alleges Stevens had an open knife in his hands and caused his arrest. It is probable the case will be settled out of court without further publicity.

FREDA ROHL WEDDED TO OTTO R. TRINKE

Ceremony Was Held at the Home of the Bride's Parents a Week Ago.

The marriage of Miss Freda Rohl of the town of Janesville to Otto R. Trinke of Watertown took place, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Christ Rohl on Wednesday evening, Dec. 26th, at 4 o'clock p. m. Rev. Paul Werth performed the ceremony and about one hundred guests assembled to enjoy the wedding festivities. The rooms were handsomely decorated with Christmas holly and carnations. The bride was attired in a tan silk mull and carried a beautiful bouquet of bride's roses. She was attended by Miss Martha Tripke, a sister of the groom, as maid of honor, and Miss Lena Gentz as bridesmaid. These ladies were both dressed in blue mull and each carried a bouquet of carnations. The groom was attended by William Dollase of Watertown and Frank Passche of Janesville. A wedding supper was served from the hours of five to seven o'clock and afterwards the bride and groom continued music for dancing which continued until an early hour. The happy couple will make their home in Beloit where the groom will accept a position with the Berlin Machine Works.

Glass-Sealy Wedding
New Iberia, La., Jan. 2.—A wedding of note here today was that of Miss Ila Sealy, member of a prominent Louisiana family, and Mr. George Dudley Glass of Atlanta. The bridegroom is a well-known newspaper man and at present is one of the editors of The Georgian of Atlanta.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. J. W. R. Winton of Minneapolis is the guest of her brother, George Woodruff, on the Woodruff farm.
Miss Mary Johnson, who has been visiting Miss Mary Gage on North Bluff street, has returned to her home in Stoughton, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Seymour D. Perkins were guests of Janesville relatives New Year's day.

J. Russell Davis visited his parents in Chicago yesterday.

Miss Anna Montrope has returned to Edgerton after spending the summer in this city.

Amos Rehberg spent Sunday and Monday in Chicago.

Sam Slaymaker of Beloit was among the guests at the "Leap year" party in East Side Odd Fellows' hall Monday night.

Herbert Holme spent yesterday in Chicago.

Miss Elsie Fathers has been visiting Miss Edith Maltress in Edgerton.

Miss Juliet Bostwick returned from Chicago yesterday.

W. G. Darling of Crystal Falls, Mich., visited in Janesville yesterday.

Prof. A. G. Laird of the University of Wisconsin was in Janesville yesterday morning.

R. E. Loveland and wife of Darlington were Janesville visitors New Year's day.

Justice Adams of Beloit was in Janesville yesterday.

Dr. C. G. Dwight returned from Chicago this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Grant returned last evening from Portage where they have been visiting friends.

Malcolm Jenins leaves for Providence, R. I., this morning where he will resume his studies at Brown University.

President W. C. Dakand of Milton College was a Janesville visitor today.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Parish and sons have returned home after spending the holidays in Rock Island, Davenport and Moline at which place Mrs. Parish's brother resides. Mr. Parish leaves tonight for Hartford, Wis., where he is now employed by the Hartford Plow Co., as foreman of the Metal Pattern Department.

Mrs. W. K. Porter and children of Oshkosh are visiting Mrs. Porter's parents, W. E. Spicer, 111 Lincoln street. Mr. Porter has just taken a position in a bank at Shawano and Mrs. Porter will return to Oshkosh to prepare to move there.

Miss Mamie Blunk has returned from a visit to Berlin and Milwaukee.

Mary C. Adams, Supreme Sentinel of the Mystic Workers of the World, left this morning for Monroe, Wis., where she will install the officers of the local lodge. Mrs. Adams will also install at Beloit and Delavan this week.

Mrs. Charles Franklin and Mr. and Mrs. William of Beloit and Miss Sue Franklin of Elkhorn spent New Year's with Mrs. Nellie Franklin, No. 1 Hyatt street.

Mr. Ralph Dempsey of Pittsburg spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Muggleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. Palmer and son Edward spent New Year's day with relatives in Waupun.

Gardner Kavaleg, has returned to Milwaukee to resume his studies in the state normal school, there after spending the Christmas intermission at his home here.

W. R. Norris of Palmyra greeted local friends this morning, being en route to Spokane, Wash. He expects to be in the three western coast states until the middle of summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Beech and daughter Marie of Chicago are in the city, having come to attend the funeral of the late Mr. Roworth.

H. C. Buell went to Milwaukee this morning to visit the state normal school there.

H. W. Lee and family spent yesterday in Fulton.

Archie Newall of Minneapolis is greeting old Janesville friends.

Miss Emma Richardson went to Madison this morning.

W. B. Tallman and Dwight Church went to Lake Koshkonong today to spend the afternoon in ice boating.

Mr. Silbert, a member of the Jefferson fire department, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Slocum spent New Year's day in Beloit and were among the guests at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fuller in Chapin hall on the college campus last evening.

James Dermody, the proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel of Muscatine, Ia., is visiting his mother on South Franklin street.

Leslie Harper will return to Waukesha this evening to resume his studies in Carroll college there tomorrow.

I. F. Dunwiddie of Delavan was a visitor in the city today.

J. C. Rood of Beloit was in Janesville today.

Miss Catherine Staley who has been visiting in Janesville for a few days returned to Madison last night.

Mrs. W. G. Wheeler and Mrs. Frank Blodgett left this morning for Chicago.

Charles F. Winston, who has been a guest at the home of Mrs. Jonathan Nash, returned to his home in Chicago yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Behrendt and two children, who have been visiting with Janesville relatives, returned to their home in Chicago today.

Eugene Ryan of Monroe is in the city.

Ed Hastings, Miss Birdie Hastings and Miss Nellie Morrissey of Chicago are visiting in Janesville.

Miss A. J. Glenn, a teacher in the Chicago grammar schools, is the guest of Miss Kate Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Meehan, Ed Meehan and Miss Mary Meehan of Beloit spent New Year's day in the city.

Miss Margaret Hayes has returned to her home in Evanston, Ill., after spending the holidays in Janesville.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Ryan and sons Joe and Talbot of La Crosse were Janesville visitors during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bunt of Chicago are visiting relatives here.

Christianson-Ferion
Miss Edith Belle Christianson and Samuel B. Ferion, both of this city, were united in marriage today by Rev. J. H. Tippet at the Methodist parsonage. The ceremony was witnessed by Mrs. Tippet and James Plantz.

S. B. HEDDLES WILL HEAD FIRE PATROL

Chosen President of Organization at Fifty-second Annual Meeting Held Last Evening.

For the fifty-second year the fire patrol met in annual session last night. All members, but two, were present. The report of the secretary showed that during the year 1906 the company had responded to 58 calls—box alarms, 42; still alarms, 16. Of thirty-eight fires eight were extinguished by chemicals and in many others chemicals were used. Twenty-four small and eight large extinguishers were used, and the covers were used at three fires. The apparatus is in splendid condition and the reports of the different committees showed the past year to have been a prosperous one, there being no extra expenses. E. J. Smith was elected a member, thus filling the ranks to twenty members.

The officers for 1907 are: S. B. Heddles, captain; Wm. Farmer, 1st Lieut.; Frank Moul, 2d Lieut.; E. B. Heimsstreet, secretary; S. C. Burnham, treasurer; Ed. L. Carpenter, steward.

Prosperity and Review Edition Paper.

Orders can still be supplied for extra copies of the Prosperity and Review Edition of the Gazette. Demand has been large and it would be well to send orders at once to the office.

Burn Taylor's clean coal.

NEW YEAR RESOLUTIONS

To save a part of each week's earnings.
To deposit them in a strong bank.
To put valuable papers in a safe place.

The Merchants' & Mechanics' Savings Bank

With resources of \$1750,000, with a long record of conservative and courteous management, with SAVINGS DEPARTMENT paying THREE PER CENT on deposits, with modern safe deposit boxes at reasonable rental, offers to all classes an opportunity to keep the above resolutions.

All deposits made during the first TEN days of January will draw interest from January 1st.

The GROWTH of this bank has been a STEADY and PERMANENT character and testifies to the confidence of its depositors in its methods of SAFE BANKING.

We invite you to call and inspect our new offices.

MERCHANTS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK

NASH

Carload Fancy N. Y. Baldwin and Spy Apples.
N. Y. State Apples.

Northern Spy, the finest Apple Grown.

Silver Cream Silver Polish.

4 lbs. Bulk Macaroni 25c.

Denoyer's Afton Buckwheat.

Home Grown Chili Sauce.

Home Grown Doughnuts, Cookies and Bread.

Walnut Meats 45c lb.

Maple Sugar 12c lb.

Corner Stone, the best Patent Flour on earth \$1.15

3 lbs. Fancy S. C. 50 and 60 Size Prunes 25c.

Shelled Popping Corn, 6 lbs. 25c.

The Toastiest, Crispiest line of Crackers and Sweet Goods in the city.

6 Old Country Soap 25c.

8 Santa Claus or Lenox 25c.

New 1906 Navy Beans.

Quaker Oats, Large Package Dish in each, 25c.

Indian River Oranges 30c dz.

Large 240 Size Waxey Lemons 30c doz.

Square Deal Plug Tobacco 25c lb.

6 lb. Butt of above \$1.25.

Roasts of Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb and Pork.

Home Rendered Lard 12 1/2c

Groceries and Meat.

NASH

GEO. FLAHERTY AND MISS ROSE DAVEY

Were Quietly Married in Chicago on the Last Day of the Old Year.

George S. Flaherty and Miss Rose Davey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Davey, were quietly wedded at the home of Bishop Muldoon in Chicago at half-past ten o'clock Monday morning. Rev. Fr. W. L. Kearney performing the ceremony. Afterwards the wedding dinner was served at the home of Dr. Ludwig, 903 West Twelfth street. The happy couple returned to Janesville on an evening train and are making their home for the present at 302 South Franklin street. Both young people are well and favorably known and a host of friends extend their congratulations.

Burn Taylor's clean coal.

INTEREST IS PAID

on our certificates of deposit whenever they are four months old. You do not have to wait until the first of January or July. Four months or five months from the date of deposit we will pay two per cent interest or six months from date of deposit we pay three per cent.

Your certificate is as good as cash, is easily transferable, is payable on demand, and earns interest for you. Our capital surplus and profits of \$165,000 protect your deposits.

ROCK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

Pure Candy is a Healthful Food.

Pappas' Candy has a reputation for being absolutely pure and wholesome. Try it.

N. PAPPAS' Candy Palace.
"The House of Quality."
19 E. Milw. St., Jackman Bldg.

5 LBS. MOCHA & JAVA COFFEE \$1.00

8 BARS SWIFT PRIDE SOAP 25c

8 BARS HARD MAPLE SOAP 25c

10-LB. SACK TABLE SALT 10c

4 CANS JANESVILLE CORN 25c

4 PACKAGES MINCE MEAT 25c

1 QUART CRANBERRIES 10c

SWIFT'S JERSEY BUTTERINE 15c LB.

E. R. WINSLOW

20 North Main St.

LOWER RATES FOR LIFE INSURANCE IN 1907.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, has lowered premium rates, in some instances \$5.00 per thousand.

For further information, call on, or write

G. C. HARNEY,

Special Agent for Rock Co.

202 Jackman Bldg.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

THEATRE CAFE.

Specials for every Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Fresh Lobsters, all styles. Oysters on half shell. Also Oysters in all styles.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

HARRY SCHMIDLEY Proprietor.

NASH

FAIR STORE.

Special Sale of Duck Coats

THOUSANDS CALL AT WHITE HOUSE

PRESIDENT'S NEW YEAR RECEPTION IS BRILLIANT.

MANY CHILDREN IN LINE

Diplomats, Judges, Congressmen, Army and Navy and the General Public Shake Chief Executive's Hand.

Washington, Jan. 2.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt's New Year's reception at the White House Tuesday was a brilliant function and was attended by about 3,500 persons. The members of the diplomatic corps, officers of the army and navy and representatives of the national and district governments and of the citizen public attended. President Roosevelt gave each of his callers a cordial shake of the hand.

After the diplomats had been received, Secretary and Mrs. Root left the line in the Blue room and one by one the members of the cabinet and their wives deserted the president in order to hold receptions at their own homes. At one o'clock Mrs. Roosevelt left her husband's side and only the military and naval aides and Secretary Wilson remained with him until the last person in the great throng had passed through the Blue room.

Fewer Negroes in Line.

It was a perfect day. The sun shone brightly and the air was so warm that the thousands who stood in line for hours suffered no discomforts because of the weather. It was generally remarked that the proportion of negroes in line was smaller than in previous years, but a number of negro civil war veterans and Spanish war veterans joined with military and patriotic secretaries in extending greetings to the president.

There was an unusually large number of children in line and all were greeted cordially by the president. One of the most amusing figures in the line was a ten-year-old boy with soiled hands and clothes, who carried a pair of roller skates thrown over his shoulder. The president laughed heartily as he wished the little fellow a happy new year.

All the Family There.

Mrs. Longworth and the other children of the president were at the White House for the reception and, with their young friends, moved constantly through the crowd. Miss Ethel Roosevelt was prettily gowned in pink and was much admired. Rear Admiral Cowles and Mrs. Cowles, the president's sister, were also with the members of the president's family during the reception.

Only three wives of ambassadors attended the reception, the Baroness Sternburg, wife of the German ambassador; the Baroness Rosen, wife of the Russian ambassador, and the Viscountess Aoki, wife of the Japanese ambassador.

Included in the number invited to assist in the Blue room were Miss Mary Harriman, Mrs. and Miss Foraker, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. Whitlaw Reid, Miss Pauline Morton and Miss De Little.

Ambassadors and Ministers.
Heading the diplomats was Baron Mayor de Planchet, ambassador from Italy, the dean of the corps, followed in turn by Baron Hengemuhl, the ambassador from Austria-Hungary, who has just returned from a trip to his home; Ambassador Jusserand of France, Ambassador Speck von Sternburg from Germany, Joaquim Nabuco, the ambassador from Brazil; Baron Rosen, the ambassador from Russia, and Viscount Aoki, ambassador from Japan, who Tuesday appeared at a White House New Year's reception for the first time. Following the ambassadors and the members of their staffs came the ministers and the members of their official households.

Among the new faces in the corps were Senator Carbo, the minister from Ecuador and Senator Cortez, the minister from Colombia, and Dr. Don Luis Lafaur, the newly appointed minister from Uruguay.

Following the diplomatic corps came the representatives of the judicial branch of the government at Washington, headed by the justices of the supreme court. Next were the judges of the court of appeals and of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, the judges of the court of claims, and former members of the

cabinet, ambassadors and ministers of the United States.

Many of the members of the senate and house had gone home for the holidays. The commissioners and various officials of the District of Columbia were in line.

The officers of the army, navy and marine corps and of the district national guard in special full dress presented an imposing spectacle. A civilian contingent made up of the members of the various independent bureaus and commissions and assistant secretaries in the executive departments was followed by the members of the army and navy societies in Washington.

Last of all came the general public, thousands of whom had been in line several hours waiting their turn, and for the time being the doors of the White House were open to all.

Edward Everett Hale, the venerable chaplain of the senate, was a notable figure at the reception. He had with him Herbert Dudley Hale, of New York city, a relative whom he introduced to the president. Dr. Hale said his first appearance at White House New Year's reception was 62 years ago when Tyler was president.

Open House in Washington.

Following an immemorial custom, the reception of the president was seconded by receptions in the homes of the vice president, cabinet officers, officers of the army and navy and well-known private citizens of Washington. Next to the president's reception in interest was that of the Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks. Secretary and Mrs. Root entertained the diplomatic corps at breakfast, a custom which was inaugurated by the first secretary of state.

The members of the cabinet and their wives were extended New Year's greetings by hundreds, not only of the diplomatic set, but of official Washington as well. Among the hostesses was Miss Helen Cannon, daughter of the speaker of the house, who maintained a custom, which she has kept up ever since coming to the national capital, of bidding welcome to all who came within her father's house.

Secretary and Mrs. Straus, the latest additions to the cabinet circle, received in their handsome new home. Mrs. Straus was assisted in receiving by her two daughters, Mrs. Schaffer and Mrs. Hocksader of New York.

Gov. Magoon Receives.
Havana, Jan. 2.—Gov. Magoon held his New Year reception in the Red room of the palace. Among those who came to express their good wishes were the members of the diplomatic corps, senators, members of the house of representatives, the justices of the supreme court, the chiefs of departments and officers of the army and navy.

Senor Gaytan de Ayala, the Spanish minister, and the dean of the diplomatic corps, addressed Mr. Magoon as the representative of the Cuban republic, extended the sincere congratulations of the corps, and expressed their earnest wishes for the speedy and complete re-establishment of the normal political status of Cuba on the basis of the restoration of Cuban independence. In conclusion the Spanish minister extended to Gov. Magoon personally the earnest wishes of his colleagues for his complete success in the noble and arduous task in which he is engaged.

Doings in Paris.

Paris, Jan. 2.—In spite of the steady downpour of rain, the New Year reception held by President Fallieres brought out an attendance almost as large as usual. With the exception of a two hour intermission for luncheon, the ceremony lasted from ten o'clock in the morning until dark. Replying to an address by Count Tornelli, the ambassador from Italy and the dean of the diplomatic corps, President Fallieres said:

"The spirit of concord, respect for the rights of others, regard for public opinion and sentiments of human solidarity become daily of greater importance to the universal conscience. I trust that the year 1907 will be propitious to the development of the work of concord and peace which is the ideal of France and the countries you represent."

The archbishop of Paris, Cardinal Richard, and the titular heads of various other religious bodies, who all ways in the past have been among the president's guests at luncheon, were not invited Tuesday.

The customary New Year's reception at the American embassy was omitted Tuesday owing to the indisposition of Ambassador McCormick.

Castro Too Ill to Receive.

Caracas, Venezuela, Jan. 2.—The usual New Year diplomatic reception was not held here Tuesday on account of the illness of President Cas-

tro, who is still unable to attend to official or other business.

The condition of the president is generally believed to be very serious. The latest official bulletin declares that his doctors expect him to recover within a month, but according to the best private advices if his recovery is possible it will take much longer than this.

ORDERS MASHERS SHOT.

Police Chief of Alton Shows Them No Mercy.

Alton, Ill., Jan. 2.—Orders were issued to the police Tuesday by Chief of Police Maxwell to shoot at mashers who annoyed women on the streets and attempt to escape arrest. The order followed an unsuccessful attempt by Chief Maxwell to hit a masher at whom he fired. The chief chased the masher two blocks and because the latter failed to obey the command to halt, two bullets were fired after him, but without effect other than to increase his speed. The chief then issued a general shooting order and said he hoped his men would be better marksmen.

"The insulting of ladies on the streets by loafers and mashers must stop," he said.

F. S. Camp Kills Himself.

Norwich, Conn., Jan. 2.—Frederick S. Camp, one of the most prominent mill men in eastern Connecticut, took his life by shooting Tuesday. He had been ill for about six months and had been despondent. Sons who survived him are Lieut. Walter T. Camp, U. S. N., and Talcott Camp, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Kills with Blow of Fist.

East St. Louis, Jan. 2.—With a single blow of his fist Charles Smith Tuesday killed D. F. Myers on the street near the viaduct, and made his escape. Mrs. Smith told her husband that Myers had attempted to flirt with her on the street.

FRANCE SCORED BY RYAN

ARCHBISHOP SAYS OFFICIALS ARE WORSE THAN PAGANS.

Relates Incident of Their Infidel Tyranny Observed by an American in Paris Hospital.

Philadelphia, Jan. 2.—Tuesday's New Year's reception to Archbishop Ryan was made notable by a scathing arraignment by the archbishop of the French government's treatment of the Catholic church.

Denouncing the officials of the present government as infidels, whom he considered worse than pagans, the archbishop expressed the hope that a religious awakening in France would soon overthrow the oppressors of the Christian religion. As an example of the tyranny which he said had been visited upon Catholic institutions there he cited an experience of a prominent American who, while inspecting a hospital in Paris, found a dying patient begging a sister of charity to place a crucifix at the foot of his cot that he might have more fortune in enduring his sufferings.

"The American, who, by the way, was a Protestant, asked the sister why she did not grant the suffering man's request," continued the archbishop. "The noble woman, who had nursed the dying man for days, burst into tears and replied, 'Sir, there is a law in France prohibiting a crucifix in the hospitals.' The American left the hospital with a new idea of the tolerance of this infidel government to those who find their greatest solace in religion."

"They have already torn the image of the crucified Son of God from the schools and hospitals and other institutions of France, but that is merely a beginning. Their purpose is to drag the love of God from the hearts of men, and especially to keep religious instruction away from the children of France. But they cannot keep the religion of God from Catholic hearts."

"These infidels are worse than pagans. The pagan believes in God and in a hereafter, where the good are rewarded, but the infidel does not. Pagans have some virtues mixed with their vices, but the modern infidel has all the vices without any of the redeeming virtues of a pagan."

ATTACK THE ROCK ISLAND.

Oklahoma Shippers Ask President That Receiver Be Appointed.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 2.—A large number of millmen and grain, lumber, cotton and coal dealers in Oklahoma, Tuesday sent to President Roosevelt a petition asking that a receiver be appointed for the Rock Island railroad, alleging inability on the part of the corporation to properly handle the freight and passenger business offered to it for transportation.

The petition is the direct outcome of the car shortage from which the interests represented by the signers of the petition are still suffering. The petition cites that the Rock Island is able to handle but a small part of the public traffic.

Attempt to Blow Up Russian Vessel.

London, Jan. 2.—A dispatch to a news agency from Odessa says that a band of unknown men made an attempt Monday night to blow up the Russian steamship company's Atlantic liner Gregory Morch, which has just completed her first trip in the new Odessa-New York service. A desperate struggle took place between the crew and the members of the band, during which several sailors were shot. The lighted fuse of a bomb was extinguished before any damage was done.

Buy it in Jamesville.

Read the Want Ads.

DECIDES TO PROBE BLOCK SYSTEMS

COMMERCE COMMISSION ROUSED BY FATAL WRECK.

FIRST HEARING FRIDAY

Advisable Legislation to Be Recommended to Congress—Funerals of Victims of Terra Cotta Disaster.

Washington, Jan. 2.—The interstate commerce commission Tuesday reached an agreement to investigate the block signal systems on both the Southern and the Baltimore & Ohio railways, in view of the recent disastrous collisions and derailments on those roads attended by serious loss of life.

The first hearing, which will be public, will be held in this city Friday, January 4.

The commission will make its investigation under a resolution of congress approved June 30, 1906, empowering the interstate commerce commission to report the use and necessity of block signal systems and appliances for automatic control of railway trains in the United States.

Wording of Resolution.

The resolution under which the commission will make its investigation provides "that the interstate commerce commission be directed to investigate and report on the use and necessity of block signal system and appliances for the automatic control of railway trains in the United States. For this purpose the commission is authorized to employ persons who are familiar with the subject and may use such of its own employees as are necessary to make a thorough examination in the matter."

In transmitting its report to the congress the commission shall recommend such legislation as to the commission seems advisable.

"To carry out and give effect to the provisions of this resolution the commission shall have power to issue subpoenas, administer oaths, examine witnesses, require the production of books and papers and receive depositions taken before any proper officer in any state or territory of the United States."

Many Funerals of Victims.

Happiness and sorrow were closely allied Tuesday in the nation's capital. On the one side, the New Year's receptions, beginning with that of the president and descending through the cabinet officers to the residential set, while on the other were numerous funeral corteges bearing to the "silent cities of the dead" the victims of the Terra Cotta wreck.

CONFESSES HE CAUSED WRECK.

Young Telegrapher Wanted to See Train Plunge into River.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 2.—Roy Swartz, the young telegrapher, who was arrested for causing the wreck of an Oregon Short Line train at Peterson, Utah, which caused the death of Engineer McFreely and serious injuries to two other trainmen, has confessed that he alone caused the wreck. The youth says he was prompted to the deed by a desire to see the long freight train plunge into the river below.

Russia Buried in Snow.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 2.—The storm which passed over Great Britain at Christmas time reached western Russia, where enormous falls of snow are reported and railroad communication is paralyzed. Dispatches from Orsha and Dorislow say those towns are literally buried in drifts and all business is suspended. Seven persons have perished in the snow, which has reached a seven feet level at Mohilev.

Buy it in Jamesville.

Male Ideals.

The average man is still jealous of his helpmeet and partner. His ideal at heart is still the farmyard cock, strutting about with all his wretched hens around him. He is willing to find them nice little bits, but they must not be able to find them for themselves.—Saturday Review.

"Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."—J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

"Don't let the baby suffer from eczema, sores or any itching of the skin. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, cures quickly. Perfectly safe for children. All druggists sell it."

"Constitution causes headache, nausea, dizziness, languor, heart palpitation. Drastic physic, grippe, sickness, weaken the bowels and don't cure. Doan's Regulants act gently and cure constipation. 25 cents. Ask your druggist."

HURRAH FOR THE SUNNY SOUTH

Here are a few samples of our bar gains in improved farms in south



The New Year—Hello! What a queer world I'm getting into!



KING OF THROAT AND LUNG REM- EDIES

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS AND COLDS CURES ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES

SAVED HER SON'S LIFE

My son Rex was taken down a year ago with lung trouble. We doctored some months without improvement. Then I began giving Dr. King's New Discovery, and I soon noticed a change for the better. I kept this treatment up for a few weeks and now my son is perfectly well and works every day.

MRS. SAMP. RIPPEE, Ava, Mo.

50c AND \$1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

PEOPLE'S DRUG CO. AND KING'S PHARMACY

west Missouri:

\$2 acres, all fenced, 55 acres in cultivation, 8-room house, fair barn, outbuildings, etc., good water, on main road, R. F. D. and phone line. One mile from Marshfield, Mo., county seat. Price, \$2,000.

\$30 acres, all fenced, 65 in cultivation, 4-room house with cellar, barn 20x40, good outbuildings, 4 acres orchard, well fenced and cross-fenced, road on west and north, R. F. D., and telephone line; six miles from Marshfield, near schoolhouse and church. Price, \$2,700.

120 acres, all in cultivation and meadow except 10 acres timber for house use, fenced into six fields, 8-room house, barn 30x50, 16-ft. posts with stone basement, good summer kitchen and granary, plenty of good water, 8 acres orchard, bearing; country road by house, bearing; church close by; 3 miles to R. R. station. Price, \$2,750.

120 acres, 60 acres fenced and 40 in cultivation, plenty of good water, 3-room house, small barn with shed, crib and other buildings, main road on north and west sides, 4 miles from Marshfield. Price, \$1,800.

160 acres all fenced, 120 in cultivation, 36 acres in orchard, 3-room house, two porches, good new barn, stone cellar, good outbuildings, 1/2 mile from Marshfield. Price, \$4,000.

80 acres, all fenced, 20 acres in cultivation, house and barn, lies well, well and cistern in yard, 5 acres orchard, 2 miles north of Duncan. Price, \$500.

240 acres, 120 fenced, 100 in cultivation, 140 acres good timber, all layers well, fine timber, 3-room house, summer kitchen, chicken house, barn, etc., lumber on ground for a frame barn. Watered by springs, 3 miles north of Duncan and 12 miles from Marshfield. Price, \$2,500.

200 acres, 160 acres fenced, 40 acres in cultivation, small house, small shed, 2 miles from Marshfield, good water, timber will pay for land if used for market. Price, \$15 per acre.

30 acres, one-half mile from Marshfield, all fenced, 8 acres in cultivation, balance timber and pasture. Fine spring on land. An ideal place for poultry farm. Price, \$600.

43 acres, 4 miles from Marshfield, all fenced, 40 acres in cultivation, good 4-room house and other good buildings. Well in yard, spring on farm, nice family orchard. Land good and in fine condition. Price, \$800.

We have a long list of them. Call

and look it over.

We also have some bargains in Virginia farms.

70 acres, two dwellings, 3 and 4 rooms. The 4 room house new, good orchard, near depot, store and school. On southern R. R. 30 miles from Richmond, Va. Well watered, by springs, on main road. Good neighbors, very thickly settled. Price \$1500.

1000 acres in Powhatan county, 500 acres in wood, 500 acres cleared bottom land, 50 acres watered by springs and branches, timber, pine, oak and hickory, small orchard, mostly apples, 3 miles from church, P. O. 2 miles, school, 1/2 mile, mill, 4 miles, frame house, 4 rooms, tobacco barns and stable, price, \$5000.

70 acres in Amelia county, house with 6 rooms, good orchard, watered by well and springs, 2 barns, lies on main road, less than 1/4 mile of depot on Southern R. R., school, church, postoffice and store less than 1/2 mile. This is a nice little farm and cheap at the price \$1500.

75 acres, 5-room house, 2 new barns, stables, hen-house, fine orchard, 175 trees, apples, peaches and pears, 20 acres good timber, within 300 yards of depot, school, church and store. Price \$1500.

We have a good list of these farms. FOR SALE.

12,000 Acres of Timber Lands in Western Maryland.

This land is accessible to two railroads, one running through a portion of the tract, also to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. This property is near the markets of Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg, with intermediate points. It has two sulphur springs, one of which is hot. Splendid iron ore outcrops, lying in the immediate vicinity of the Anthracite Range. It is safe to say coal will be found on the property. It carries a Sandstone Quarry of five different colors, and an inexhaustible supply of building stone for construction purposes.

Timber.

Oak, poplar, chestnut, hickory, ash, cumber and pine. About 1/2 of this is white and chestnut oak. The remaining one-fourth being divided up among the other varieties, 8,000 acres of this tract is in the original growth, balance second growth. It is estimated to cut at least 40,000,000 feet of merchantable lumber and 2,000 mine props, which should net delivered at railroads or canal not less than \$150,000 as props are at present selling

at \$9.00 per hundred, 40,000,000 feet of stumpage, located as this is, near two lines of railroad and so accessible to large markets, should be worth \$3 per acre, or \$120,000.

The land is of excellent quality for general agricultural purposes, being especially adapted to the raising of apples, pears, peaches and all the smaller fruits and berries.

Climate is excellent, water good and in great abundance from both springs and streams. Everything considered, there is no more desirable tract of land for colonization purposes in the east.

Arrangements could be made with one of the Steamship Companies, engaged in the Immigration business, either in Baltimore or New York, to at once under contract into mine props, colonize these lands at from \$5 to \$10 per acre after timber has been removed. 5000 acres (2d growth) can be cut and delivered at the railroads where they bring cash. Stone quarries can be operated under contract, iron and coal mined on a royalty, so no further capital will be required until buyer is ready to build mill, to handle the 8,000 acres of virgin timber.

This valuable timber is offered at \$12.00 per acre, subject to previous sale, with title guaranteed. Terms of payment are 1/3 cash, balance in annual installments to suit purchaser, same bearing interest from date of sale.

2500 acres 12 miles north of Warren Arkansas on the Saline river, which will cut 7000 feet per acre of oak, hickory, and gum, 1000 of hickory per acre, 2500 feet of oak per acre, 3500 feet of gum, all first class timber. This land lies on Saline river, and a mill company is building a railroad, in this part of the country now. The price of this tract is \$8.00 per acre. This is a snap.

40,000 acres fine timber land estimated to cut 8000 feet per acre of oak, gum, hickory, and etc. \$12.00 per acre, situated on the R. R. and lined between the White and Mississippi rivers.

1000 acres extra heavily timbered on White river that is principally oak, \$12.00 per acre.

3000 in same country on river, \$12.00 per acre.

1600 acres on river between 7 and 8000 feet to the acre, \$12.00 per acre.

W. J. LITTS & CO.
Cor. River and W. Milwaukee streets.

It makes you long for dinner time

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Best for flaky pastry, wholesome bread and biscuit—best for crisp cookies—best for delicious cakes, toothsome muffins, doughnuts that will melt in your mouth.

Everything you make well, it will help to make better, because it's "best by test."

Anybody can cook well if they use Calumet Baking Powder. Failure with it is almost impossible. The food prepared with it is free from Alum, Rochelle Salts or any injurious substance.

Price is Moderate

Partners of the Tide

By
JOSEPH C.
LINCOLN
Author of "Cap'n Ez"

Copyright, 1905, by A. S. Barnes & Co.

Mr. Peleg Myrick was a hermit. He lived alone in a little two room shanty on the beach about half a mile from Setchick Point. He owned a concertina that squeaked and wailed and a Mexican dog—gift of a wrecked skipper—that shivered all the time and howled when the concertina was played. Peleg was certain that the howling was certain that the howling was an attempt at singing and boasted that Skeezicks—that was the dog's name—had an "ear for music" just like a human.

Among his other accomplishments Mr. Myrick numbered that of weather prophet. He boasted that he could "smell a storm further 'n a cat can smell fish." It was odd, but he really did seem able to foretell or guess what the weather would be along the Orham coast, and the longshoremen swore by his prophecies.

He was a great talker when he had any one to talk to and was a gossip whose news items were usually about three months old. Captain Ezra appreciated odd characters, and he welcomed the chance to get a little fun out of Peleg.

"Well, Peleg," said the captain, as the catboat stood about on the first leg of the homeward stretch, "what's the news down the beach? Any of the sand fleas got married lately?"

"Don't ask me, for no news, Cap'n Ez," replied Mr. Myrick. "You're the feller to have news. You ain't married 'it, be you?"

"No, not yet. I'm waitin' to see which girl you pick out; then I'll see what's left."

"Well, I ain't foolin'. I thought you might be married by now. Last time I was up to the village—long in June, 'twas—I see Miss Busteded, and she said 'twas common talk that you was courtin' one of the old maids."

"She did, her?" he grunted.

"Yes, I told her I didn't take no stock in that. Cap'n Ez, I says, 'has been courtin' too many times since I can remember.' I says, 'One time 'twas Mary Emma Cahoon, 'nother time 'twas Seth Wingate's sister's gal, then agin 'twas—'

"All right! All right!" broke in the captain, glancing hurriedly at Bradley. "Never mind that. How's the gunk-haggin' nowadays? Gittin' a fair price?"

"Pretty fair," replied Peleg. Then, with the persistence of the born gossip, not to be so easily diverted from his subject, he went on: "I told Missy that, but she said there wasn't scarcely a doubt that you meant business this time. Said you fetched presents every time you come home. Said the only doubt in folks' minds was whether 'twas Prissy or Tempy you was after."

Said she was sure you was after one 'em, 'cause she as much as asked 'em one time when she was at their house, and they didn't deny it."

Mr. Myrick talked steadily on this and other subjects all the way to the wharf, but Captain Ezra was silent and thoughtful. He shook hands with Bradley at the gate of the Traveler's Rest and said goodby in an absent-minded way.

"I s'pose you'll be 'round to dinner Sunday, Cap'n Ez?" said the boy.

"Hey? Sunday? Well, I don't know. It might be that I shall be called back to the schoolroom sooner than I expect. Can't tell."

Sure enough, the next day the sisters received a note from their expected guest saying that he was obliged to leave at once for Portland and could not, therefore, be with them on Sunday. The ladies were disappointed, but though nothing more of the matter at the time, it was nearly six months before the captain visited Orham again, and during this visit he did not come near the big house. He lay in bed, however, asked him all about himself, how he was getting on at school and the like, but when the boy asked if he, the captain, wasn't 'comin' round to see the folks pretty soon, the answer was vague and unsatisfactory.

"Why, I—I don't know. I'll have time," was the reply. "I'm pretty busy, and—Give 'em my regards, will you, Brad? I've got to be ruuun' on now. So long."

It was the same during the next "shore leave," the following November. Captain Titcomb saw Bradley several times, gave him a six-bladed jackknife and took him for a drive over to the big cranberry swamp owned by the Ostable company, but he did not call on the old maids.

Three more years of school and vacations, with "chores" and sailing and cranberry picking, followed. Bradley was sixteen. His voice, having passed through the squeaky "changing" period, now gave evidence of becoming what Miss Tempy called a "beautiful double bass, just like father's." He was large for his age, and his shoulders were square. He was more particular about his clothes now, and his neckties were no longer selected by Miss Tempy. To be seen with girls was not so "sissified" in his mind as it used to be, but he still stuck to Gus, and she was his "first choice" at parties, and he saw her home from prayer meeting occasionally.

As for the "dog girl" herself, she, too, paid more attention to clothes, and her pet—though still numerous and just as disreputable in appearance—were made to behave with more decorum. Her hair was carefully braided now, her dresses came down to her boot tops, and Miss Tempy gradually admitted

that "if 'twas anybody else, I should say she was likely to be good lookin' when she grows up."

The "last day" came, and Bradley and Gus were to graduate. In Orham there is no graduation day. The eventful ending of the winter term is the "last day," and all the parents and relatives, together with the school committee and the clergymen, visit the school to sit stiffly on the settees and witness the ceremonies.

That evening after the "last day" exercises at school Bradley sat at home reading in the dining room. Miss Tempy, in the sitting room, was going over for the fortieth time since it was written, the wonderful argument in favor of a "republican form of government," which Bradley had composed and had read at the school that day. As her sister entered the room she dropped the roll of paper in her lap and said solemnly:

"Prissy Allen, it's my belief that when that boy first came here and I said that I wanted him to go to college and be a minister I was inspired. I declare I do! I've just been readin' that piece of his again, and it beats any sermon I ever heard."

Miss Prissy seated herself in a rocker and looked solemnly at her sister. For a minute she gazed without speaking. Then suddenly, as if she had made up her mind, she rose, gave the dining room door a swing that would have shut it completely had not the corner of a mat interfered, and coming back

to her chair, said slowly, "Tempy, I'm afraid I'll never be able to send Bradley to college."

The precious manuscript fell from Miss Tempy's lap to the floor.

"Why—why, Prissy, Allen?" she exclaimed. "What do you mean?"

"I mean we can't do what we've hoped to do, Oh, dear! I—I don't know what we'll do. Tempy, we've hardly got any money left!"

CHAPTER V.

FOR a moment Miss Tempy made no reply to her sister's speech. Instead she sat there with her eyes fixed upon Miss Prissy's face and her thin fingers picking nervously at her dress.

"Haven't got any money?" she repeated after a pause. "Haven't got any money left? Why, then—why, then, we'll have to take it out of the savin's bank up to Boston. Of course, Bradley must go to college. You know he must, Prissy."

But Miss Prissy shook her head.

"You don't understand, Tempy," she said. "I ought to have talked with you about it long ago. I can see now that I ought to; but, oh, dear, father always said you was too delicate to bother with money matters, and I've been used to takin' all the care myself, and so I've just gone on and on, worryin' and planin' and layin' awake nights until I can't go on any further. Oh, Tempy," she cried, and her tears rolled down her cheeks, "you don't understand. The money in the Boston bank has all gone too. We haven't got more than \$500 left in the world, and when that's gone—"

She waved her hands despairingly.

But still Miss Tempy did not comprehend.

"Why, all of it can't be gone!" she said. "All of the insurance money and everything! Why, it was \$5,000!" She mentioned the sum reverently and in an awestruck whisper.

"Yes," said Miss Prissy, trying hard not to be impatient; "yes, 'twas \$5,000, and father died over ten years ago, and we've been livin' on it ever since."

"But \$5,000, Prissy! Five thousand!"

"Oh, my soul and body! Anybody'd think 'twas a million. Jest think, now, jest think! We've lived on it for pretty nigh eleven years; paid for our clothes and livin' and havin' the house painted six years ago, and—"

"But it needed paintin'!"

"Needed it! I should think it did! But it cost more'n we'd ought to spend. Jest the same. Oh, it's more my fault than anybody's. Long's father lived the place was kept up, and you and me was used to havin' things as good as our neighbors, and I went on and on, never thinkin' I was too extravagant until all at once the money that we first put in the Harniss bank was used

up. And then it come home to me, as you might say, and I realized, well, we'd been doin' it. Oh, I've tried and tried; scrimped here and pinched there,

What do you s'pose I sold the wood lot for? And then the cran'berry swamp?"

"Why, you said we didn't need 'em, and it was too much trouble to run 'em."

"Said! Oh, I don't doubt I said all sorts of things to keep you from knowin'. But I sold 'em to help pay the bills. And then you was took down with the typhoid, and there was that big doctor's bill, and then Bradley came, and he had to have clothes and a little money to spend, like the other boys. And now—"

Miss Prissy choked, tried to go on, and then broke down and cried heartily and without restraint.

In all the years since the death of Captain Allen Miss Tempy had never seen her common sense, practical sister give way like this. The sight alarmed her much more than the story of the financial situation had so far done. She didn't fully understand the latter yet, but every one of Miss Prissy's sobs was to her a call for help that needed an immediate answer.

"There, there, there, dear!" she said, running to the other rocker and putting her arm around her sister's neck. "You poor thing! You mustn't cry like that. You're jest worried yourself sick. You're all worn out. I shouldn't be surprised if you've got a little cold, too, in that drafty schoolhouse. Let me make you a good, big cup of pepper tea right away, now do."

Miss Prissy turned a sob into a feeble laugh.

"Oh, dear me, Tempy," she said, laying her hand on the other's arm. "I believe you think pepper tea'll cure anything, even an empty pocketbook. I wish 'twould pay bills; then, I don't know but I'd drink a hogswill. But it won't, nor cyrin' won't, either. Set down, and I'll tell you jest how things are."

So Miss Tempy, reluctantly giving up the "pepper tea" idea for the present, went back to her chair, and Miss Prissy continued.

"The money in the Boston savin's bank is gone," she said, "and a year or more ago I wrote to the broker folks that bought the bond for us when father died, and they sold it for me and got a little less than a thousand dollars for it. I put the money into the bank at Harniss, and though I've tried my best to be economical, there ain't but five hundred and eighty left. That and the place here is all we've got."

In a bewildered fashion Miss Tempy strove to grasp the situation.

"Then we're poor," she said, "real poor; and I thought we was rich. Well, I shall give up that new bonnet I was goin' to have next spring, and I s'pose I hadn't ought to subscribe to the 'Comforter' either. I did think so much of it."

"I'm afraid we'll have to give up more than the 'Comforter,' Tempy. I've thought and thought till my poor head is nearly worn through. We might sell the place here, but 'twould be like sellin' our everlastin' souls—if 'tain't unreligions to say it, and, besides, property at Orham is so low now that we'd only get half what it's worth, and when that money's spent there wouldn't be anything left."

"Sell the place! Father's place! Why, Prissy, Allen, how can you talk so? Where would we live?"

"Well, we might hire a little house down at South Orham or somewhere."

"South Orham! Where all those Portuguese and things live? I'd rather die!" And it was Miss Tempy's turn to cry.

"You needn't cry for that, Tempy. We won't sell yet awhile. Not till there's nothin' left. But we can't have the barn shingled, and as for Bradley's goin' to college, that, I'm afraid, is out of the question."

"Oh, dear, dear! And the barn looks awful. Mellissy Busteded was sayin' only last week that folks was 'wond'rin' when we was goin' to have it fixed. And poor Bradley! My heart was set on his bein' a minister. I don't know but I'd live in the poorhouse to make him one. They say Mr. Otis keeps a real nice poorhouse, too," she added.

Miss Prissy smiled dolefully. "It hasn't got to the poorhouse yet," she said. "And I hope we can send Bradley through high school anyhow. But we'll have to scrimp awful, and we must try to earn some money. I was talkin' to Abigail Mullett at the church fair last August, and she spoke about those aprons and one thing another that I made and said she never saw such hemmin' and tuckin'. She said she'd give anything if she could get somebody to do such work for her in the dressmakin' season. I've been thinkin' maybe she'd put out some of her work to me if I asked her to. She does more dressmakin' than anybody around; has customers 'way over to Ostable and keeps three girls come to Ostable. And you know how the summer folks bought those knit shawls of yours, Tempy. Well, I don't doubt you could get orders for lots more. We'll try, and we'll let Bradley start at high school and see how we make it so."

So Miss Tempy brightened up, and in a few minutes she had in her mind sold so many shawls and Miss Prissy had done so well with her hemming and tucking that she saw them putting money in the bank instead of taking it out. In fact, she was getting rich so fast in her dreams that her sister didn't have the heart to throw more cold water at this time. And even Miss Prissy herself felt unwarrantably hopeful. She had borne the family burdens so long that to share the knowledge of them with another was a great relief. They discussed ways and means for a half hour longer, and then Miss Tempy insisted on getting that "pepper tea."

"I honestly believe," she said, "that if I hadn't took pepper tea steady for the last four or five years I shouldn't be here now. That and Blaisdell's emulsion has given me strength to bear most anything, even the prospects of the poorhouse. Think goodness, I've got a new bottle of emulsion, and pepper tea's cheap, so I shan't have to give that up even if we are poorer'n Job's turkey."

"All right," sighed Miss Prissy. "If it'll make you feel any better to par-boil my insides with hot water and pepper, fetch it along. Don't say anything to Bradley about what we've been sayin'. 'Twon't do any good and will only make the poor child feel bad."

But Bradley was not in the dining room. The book he had been reading was turned face downward on the table, but he was gone, and so was his hat.

"Why, I never!" exclaimed Miss Tempy. "He never went out an evenin' before without sayin' anything to me or you. What do you s'pose is the matter?"

"You don't think he heard what we said, do you?" anxiously asked her sister. "I thought I shut the door."

"You did shut it, but, now you speak of it, seems to me I remember it was not later 'n when I come out jest now. I hope he didn't hear. He's such a sensitive boy, jest like all the Allens."

The "pepper tea" was prepared a double dose this time, and the sisters sat sipping it, Miss Prissy with many coughs and grunces and Miss Tempy with the appreciation of a connoisseur. After a moment's silence she said:

"Prissy, do you know what I've been thinkin'? I've been thinkin' what a blessing 'twould be if we had Cap'n Titcomb to go to for advice now."

"Humph! If I've thought that once I've thought it a million times in the last year," was the decided answer.

It was after 10 o'clock, and only Bradley's absence had prevented the ladies from going up to bed, when the outside door of the dining room opened, and the missing boy came in.

"Bradley, Nickerson, where've you been?" exclaimed Miss Tempy, running to meet him. "We've been pretty nigh worried to death. Why don't you shut the door? Who's that out there? Why—why, Cap'n Titcomb!"

"What's that?" cried Miss Prissy, hurrying in. "You don't mean—"

Well, good evening, Cap'n Titcomb. Won't you step in?"

The captain accepted the invitation. He was as much embarrassed as the old maids, even more so than Miss Prissy, who immediately, after a swift-glancing glance of disapproval at her agitated sister, assumed an air of dignified calmness.

"How dya do, Prissy?" stammered the captain. "Tempy, I hope you're well. Yes, I'm feelin' fair to middlin'. No, thanks, I ain't goin' to stop long. It's pretty late for calls. Fact is, Bradley here's got somethin' to say. Heave ahead, Brad."

The boy, too, was embarrassed, but as the two looked at him expectantly he edged with a button on his jacket and said:

"Miss Prissy, I didn't mean to listen; but the door wasn't shut tight, and I couldn't help hearing what you and Miss Tempy were sayin' a little while ago."

"There!" exclaimed Miss Tempy. "I was afraid of that door. You remember I said so, Prissy."

But Miss Prissy didn't answer. She merely looked at Bradley.

"I heard what you said," nervously went on the boy, "and when you told about what you was goin' to do so I could go to high school, I—I thought first I'd come right in and tell you you mustn't. But then I thought you wouldn't believe I meant it or wouldn't pay any attention to it if I did, so I went outside to think it over by myself. And then—then I went right up to see the cap'n."

"I hope," said Miss Prissy sternly, "that you didn't repeat our talk to Cap'n Titcomb without tellin' us you was goin' to."

"No, no, he didn't," hastily broke in the captain. "He didn't tell a word. You've got a pretty fair kind of boy here, if you want to know," he added, with more than his usual enthusiasm.

"Huh!" was Miss Prissy's only comment. "Go on, Bradley."

"All I told him was," said Bradley, "that I didn't think it was right for me to go to school and college when I ought to be earnin' some money. I'm going on seventeen now, and lots of fellows I know are going to work. I don't believe I'd make a very good minister; with a look of appeal at Miss Tempy, and I'd a good deal rather go to sea. All our folks have been to sea—my father and my grandfather. Yes, and your father, too, you know." The last was a happy inspiration.

"Don't you think that we know best what's best?" began Miss Prissy, but the captain again interrupted her.

"Let him spin his yarn, Prissy," he said. "Nothin' is settled yet, so don't worry."

"So I went to the cap'n," went on Bradley, "and asked him if he'd take me on board his schooner. I ain't a sailor, but I know a lot about boats, and I don't get seasick even when it's mighty rough. Do I, Cap'n Ezra?"

"No," replied Captain Titcomb gravely. "You manage to keep your cargo from shiftin' pretty well for a green hand."

(To Be Continued.)

"All right," sighed Miss Prissy. "If it'll make you feel any better to par-boil my insides with hot water and pepper, fetch it along. Don't say anything to Bradley about what we've been sayin'. 'Twon't do any good and will only make the poor child feel bad."

But Bradley was not in the dining room. The book he had been reading was turned face downward on the table, but he was gone, and so was his hat.

"Why, I never!" exclaimed Miss Tempy. "He never went out an evenin' before without sayin' anything to me or you. What do you s'pose is the matter?"

"You don't think he heard what we said, do you?" anxiously asked her sister. "I thought I shut the door."

"You did shut it, but, now you speak of it, seems to me I remember it was not later 'n when I come out jest now. I hope he didn't hear. He's such a sensitive boy, jest like all the Allens."

The "pepper tea" was prepared a double dose this time, and the sisters sat sipping it, Miss Prissy with many coughs and grunces and Miss Tempy with the appreciation of a connoisseur. After a moment's silence she said:

"Prissy, do you know what I've been thinkin'? I've been thinkin' what a blessing 'twould be if we had Cap'n Titcomb to go to for advice now."

"Humph! If I've thought that once I've thought it a million times in the last year," was the decided answer.

It was after 10 o'clock, and only Bradley's absence had prevented the ladies from going up to bed, when the outside door of the dining room opened, and the missing boy came in.

"Bradley, Nickerson, where've you been?" exclaimed Miss Tempy, running to meet him. "We've been pretty nigh worried to death. Why don't you shut the door? Who's that out there? Why—why, Cap'n Titcomb!"

"What's that?" cried Miss Prissy, hurrying in. "You don't mean—"

Well, good evening, Cap'n Titcomb. Won't you step in?"

The captain accepted the invitation. He was as much embarrassed as the old maids, even more so than Miss Prissy, who immediately, after a swift-glancing glance of disapproval at her agitated sister, assumed an air of dignified calmness.

"How dya do, Prissy?" stammered the captain. "Tempy, I hope you're well. Yes, I'm feelin' fair to middlin'. No, thanks, I ain't goin' to stop long. It's pretty late for calls. Fact is, Bradley here's got somethin' to say. Heave ahead, Brad."

The boy, too, was embarrassed, but as the two looked at him expectantly he edged with a button on his jacket and said:

"Miss Prissy, I didn't mean to listen; but the door wasn't shut tight, and I couldn't help hearing what you and Miss Tempy were sayin' a little while ago."

"There!" exclaimed Miss Tempy. "I was afraid of that door. You remember I said so, Prissy."

But Miss Prissy didn't answer. She merely looked at Bradley.

"I heard what you said," nervously went on the boy, "and when you told about what you was goin' to do so I could go to high school, I—I thought first I'd come right in and tell you you mustn't. But then I thought you wouldn't believe I meant it or wouldn't pay any attention to it if I did, so I went outside to think it over by myself. And then—then I went right up to see the cap'n."

"I hope," said Miss Prissy sternly, "that you didn't repeat our talk to Cap'n Titcomb without tellin' us you was goin' to."

"No, no, he didn't," hastily broke in the captain. "He didn't tell a word. You've got a pretty fair kind of boy here, if you want to know," he added, with more than his usual enthusiasm.

"Huh!" was Miss Prissy's only comment. "Go on, Bradley."

"All I told him was," said Bradley, "that I didn't think it was right for me to go to school and college when I ought to be earnin' some money. I'm going on seventeen now, and lots of fellows I know are going to work. I don't believe I'd make a very good minister; with a look of appeal at Miss Tempy, and I'd a good deal rather go to sea. All our folks have been to sea—my father and my grandfather. Yes, and your father, too, you know." The last was a happy inspiration.

"Don't you think that we know best what's best?" began Miss Prissy, but the captain again interrupted her.

"Let him spin his yarn, Prissy," he said. "Nothin' is settled yet, so don't worry."

"So I went to the cap'n," went on Bradley, "and asked him if he'd take me on board his schooner. I ain't a sailor, but I know a lot about boats, and I don't get seasick even when it's mighty rough. Do I, Cap'n Ezra?"

"No," replied Captain Titcomb gravely. "You manage to keep your cargo from shiftin' pretty well for a green hand."

(To Be Continued.)

London's Fogs.

November is London's worst month for fogs. During a "good" year the Londoner may have to breathe only 50 fogs. In a very "bad" year he may have to endure as many as 80. London's countless coal fires, mingling soot with mist, connect the Londoner's fog with him. The great majority of fogs in the metropolis begin to form between seven and eight in the morning, just when most fires are being lighted.

"Scot-Free."

The word "scot-free" is a survival from ancient Anglo-Saxon. Scot in this sense comes from the old English word, scot, meaning a portion of tribute or taxation, and it is still in use in the Scandinavian languages to signify treasure. In modern English, however, it occurs in only two expressions, the legal phrase, "to pay scot and lot," and the ordinary word, "scot-free."—The Sunday Magazine.

Reconstruct your whole body, makes rich red blood. Drives out impurities that have collected during the winter. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a family tonic. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Smith Drug Co.

DOTS AND DASHES.

Aunt Dorcas Harris, colored, died in Mineral Wells, Tex., aged 129 years.

F. W. Troy fatally shot his wife and wounded Ralph Quinn in a boarding house in Joplin, Mo.

Harry Ray, an animal trainer, was seriously injured by a lion in an animal show at Toledo, O.

Capt. Joseph E. McCullough was elected president of the Mississippi River Pilots' association.

Fire did \$100,000 damage in a row of buildings in Cincinnati owned and occupied by the Diamond Distilleries company.

Miss Ida Duford, of Minneapolis, Minn., was accidentally shot and killed by an unknown man who was celebrating the advent of the new year.

Thomas Harris shot and killed his stepfather, Henry Miller, at the latter's home in St. Louis, because his mother had been severely beaten by Miller.

In memory of her husband, Mrs. Thomas J. Emery has given \$100,000 as an endowment for the Cincinnati art museum, on condition that Saturday be made a free admission day to all parts of the museum.

A fracture of the skull caused the death of William Harnett, a well known labor man, who was found dead at his home in Boston under suspicious circumstances. His son, William J. Harnett, was arrested.

Have you indigestion, constipation, headache, backache, kidney trouble? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well! If it fails, get your money back. That's fair. Tea or Tablets form. 35 cents. Smith Drug Co.

Find No Balm in Solitude.

The heart which loved once and which abandonment struck, does not become easily accustomed to solitude. As if it were avid for new sufferings, it repulses calmness and indifference. —Madame Remieu.

Into each life some sorrow must fall; Wise people don't sit down and bawl; Only fools suicide or take to flight; Smart people take Rocky Mountain Tea at night. —Smith Drug Co.

Want Ads bring results.

Rest the Stomach

Nothing will relieve indigestion that doesn't digest the food, itself, and give the stomach a perfect rest.

You can't reasonably expect that any weak stomach will regain its strength and get well when it is compelled to do the full work that a sound stomach should do.

You wouldn't expect a sick horse to get well when it is compelled to do a full day's work every day of the week.

Your stomach must have rest.

But it isn't necessary to starve yourself in order to rest your stomach.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a perfect digestant. It will digest all of the food you eat regardless of the condition of your stomach.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

CHARLES E. HUGHES IS INAUGURATED

NEW GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK
TAKES HIS OFFICE.

CEREMONY VERY BRIEF

He Welcomes Resentment of Public Wrongs But Will Seek to Disarm Reckless and Selfish Agitators.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Charles E. Hughes was inaugurated Tuesday as governor of New York in the presence of a large number of men and women representing the various cities of the state. The ceremonies in the capitol occupied little more than half an hour. Bishop Burke, Roman Catholic, delivered a prayer at the opening of the proceedings, which closed with a benediction pronounced by Bishop Doane, Protestant, Episcopal. The oath of office was administered by Secretary of State Whalen, following which came the address of welcome by the retiring to the incoming governor and the response of the latter, both brief.

The inauguration was preceded by a parade of various companies and commands of the Third Brigade, National Guard of New York.

Welcomed by Higgins.

The retiring governor, Francis W. Higgins, in welcoming his successor said:

"Upon the shoulders of the chief executive of this state must rest heavy burdens; imposed by constitutions and customs. To execute the laws, to recommend wise measures of legislation, to exercise the appointing power with judgment and discernment, to defend the liberties and enforce the rights of eight million people, these are duties which try the mental, moral and physical strength to the utmost. To this high office the people of the state reposing well deserved confidence in your independence, patriotism, ability and integrity, have called you."

"I welcome you and wish you God speed."

Gov. Hughes' Address.

Gov. Hughes, after a few words of compliment to the administration of Governor Higgins, addressed himself to his fellow citizens, saying in part:

"We have reason to congratulate ourselves that coincident with our prosperity, there is an emphatic assertion of popular rights and a keen resentment of public wrongs. There is no panacea in executive or legislative action for all the ills of society which spring from the frailties and defects of the human nature of its members. But this furnishes no excuse for complacent inactivity and no reason for the toleration of wrongs made possible by defective or inadequate legislation or by administrative partiality or inefficiency."

"Whether or not we have laws enough, we certainly have enough of ill-considered legislation and the question is not as to the quantity but as to the quality of our present and of our proposed enactments."

Evils in the Law.

"It must freely be recognized that many of the evils of which we complain have their source in the law itself, in privileges carelessly granted, in opportunities for private aggrandizement at the expense of the people recklessly created, in failure to safeguard our public interests by providing means for just regulation of those enterprises which depend upon the use of public franchises. Wherever the law gives unjust advantage, wherever it fails by suitable prohibition or regulation to protect the interests of the people, wherever the power derived from the state is turned against the state, there is not only room but urgent necessity for the assertion of the authority of the state to enforce the common right."

"We are a government of laws and not of men. We subordinate individual caprice to defined duty. The essentials of our liberties are expressed in constitutional enactments removed from the risk of temporary agitation. But the security of our government despite its constitutional guarantees is found in the intelligence and public spirit of its citizens and in its ability to call to the work of administration men of single minded devotion to the public interests, who make unselfish service to the state a point of knightly honor."

To Disarm Agitators.

"If in administration we make the standard efficiency and not partisan advantage, if in executing the laws we deal impartially, if in making the laws there is fair and intelligent action with reference to each exigency, we shall disarm reckless and selfish agitators and take from the enemies of our peace their vantage ground of attack. "It is my intention to employ my constitutional powers to this end. I believe in the sincerity and good sense of the people. I believe that they are intent in having government which recognizes no favored interests and which is not conducted in any part for selfish ends. They will not be and they should not be content with less."

Congressman Lindsay Ill.

New York, Jan. 2.—Congressman George H. Lindsay is ill with pneumonia at his Brooklyn residence, and his condition is regarded as serious by the doctors in attendance. He is in his sixty-fifth year and was reelected to a fourth successive term in congress in November last.

In the World's Labor Unions.

In New York one out of every 19 persons is a member of a labor organization. In England the proper

one in every 22, in Germany one in 31, in France one in 50, in Italy one in 123, and in Spain one in every 325.

ANDREW JACKSON NOT POOR.

Few Sons Have Had Such Advantages as Were His, Says Writer.

Verily we must abandon the belief that Andrew Jackson belonged to the class of American youths who rode to fame and fortune by their own efforts, unaided by the help of family friends, says Watson's Magazine.

Never did he taste the bitter cup of physical want, of hunger and cold, of helpless, spirit-breaking poverty. Never was he without home and loyal friends and a sufficiency of the comforts of life. Never was it his lot to suffer the humiliation, that mortification, that inward bleeding wound which the proud nature writhes under when there is no money in the pocket, no change of clothing for the body, as the harassed day draws to its end and the wretched night comes on.

Poverty! Why, Andrew Jackson never in his whole life had a genuine taste of what the cruel word really means.

Few men have been more greatly indebted to the intelligent affection of a self-sacrificing mother. Few sons of poor parents have had such advantages as were his lot, and few lads of poor parents did such a scanty amount of manual labor. Compared to the rugged, self-taught youth of Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman, Abraham Lincoln, Andrew Johnson, Sam Houston, and Nathaniel Greene, the boyhood of Andrew Jackson almost assumes the appearance of having been cast upon "flowery beds of ease."

COOKED BUT NOT FROZEN.

Horrible Sight That Met the Woman Who Loved Plants.

The young housekeeper had been obliged to leave home over night and, doing so in a hurry, had not time to write down more than a dozen or so instructions for her husband to follow in the conduct of their household affairs.

During the night it turned very cold and the wife thought with many misgivings of her ferns and palms and other plants left out of doors. In the morning she telephoned her husband and asked him about 17 questions as to what he had done in her absence — if he had put the flannel cover on the foot of the brass bed, if he had folded up the pillow shams, if he had found the supper she left for him, if he had taken the cream off the dumb-waiter and sent down the trash, if the laundry had come home, and so on, and if he had by any possibility thought to take in the plants.

"Indeed, I did," he replied proudly; "they're all right. I brought them in and took good care of them."

Much relieved, she hung up the receiver. When she reached home that afternoon the steam heat was on at a high pressure and a peculiar odor struck her nostrils. Her plants had been placed with infinite care on the radiators.

Dog as Newsboy's Assistant.

A small white dog who sells papers near the Park street entrance to the subway will soon be eligible for membership in the newsboys' union, if the officers can get over the difficulty of deciding whereon to pin his badge, says the Boston Herald.

He carries on either side, secured by a strap around his body, a little leather pouch about twice as large as that used by men for holding fountain pens and pencils. The dog's master sticks a paper into one pouch and places another between his teeth. The canine salesman does not hold his wares long. He attracts buyers rapidly from all sides as the people come and go from the subway, and his money bag is soon filled with pennies. His master, who goes on crutches, having lost one leg, keeps on regularly furnishing the little chap with two papers at a time as fast as he needs them. The man said that he has five, similarly gifted dogs in training for the newspaper business.

Knew the Signs.

William Henry, Jr., aged seven, has an inordinate appetite for buckwheat cakes and maple syrup. At breakfast the other day his grandfather watched him with amazement, counting the cakes as they disappeared.

"Junior," he asked, "have you ever in all your life felt that you had all the buckwheat cakes you could get away with?"

"Yes, sir," replied Junior, "lots of times I've felt that I had enough."

"How do you know when you've got enough?"

"Oh, I just keep on eating till I get a pain, and then I eat one more to make sure."

Reclaiming Land in India.

A scheme is proposed at Lahore, India, by the government to reclaim a large area of land on the Dutch plan. The Rana of Cutch is a seashore waste, with narrow inlets which would be closed, allowing the shallow water to evaporate. The saline deposits would be washed out by a great canal from the Indus. The application of scientific agriculture to the reclaimed land and the construction of a railway linking Karachi and Bombay would complete the enterprise.

Firmly Established.

"Of course you're going to Palm Beach this winter?"

"No."

"No? I thought your position in society was such as to make it absolutely necessary for you to go."

"Our position in society now is such that we don't have to go anywhere."

The Roundup By Willie West

Describes Future Harvard Athletes—If President Eliot Has His Way.

President Eliot of Harvard probably does not estimate the effect of his antiathletic trade on future Cambridge sportsmen. That the athlete of the future at Harvard will be all head, with but little body, is evident. Then when the heads become too big to be carried on weak frames husky roving blacksmiths can be hired at low prices to



carry the students to and fro, here and there, pro and con. The student hiring the strongest blacksmith will thus become favorite for the football squad. The one with the fleetest blacksmith will win the sprint prizes.

If a student is in need of money he can transfer his prize blacksmith to another man for a consideration. Oh, the possibilities of this system are unlimited!

"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, the Beau Brummel of the latter day prize ring, is handsome again, and all because Jack has a brand new nose. His other nose, the one that he was born with, suffered severely when that rude Noah Brusso, under the alias of Tommy Burns, assaulted the erstwhile handsome "Philadelphia Jack" on the octafactory organ and spoiled the contour of the Quaker's classical features. "Times," he said to his valet the other day—"Times, go hence and summon to my apartments Professor Stickbury, who remodels faces. I will have me beauty back."

The faithful James went, and the beauty doctor came. He was all business and had his sample book with him.

"What style of nose would you prefer, Mr. de Brienne?" he asked. Jack decided that a Roman effect would harmonize with the rest of his face, and accordingly the beauty doctor turned out a marvel of a Roman nose. And now Jack is handsome again.

Not content with reforming athletics at Harvard, President Eliot will surely continue his great work and revise the college yells. At present they are shockingly rude and human. They are almost reckless. Likewise they are rendered too loudly. Nothing is more



distasteful to President Eliot than a real noise. Even the Chautauqua salute can be made vulgar by waving handkerchiefs too rapidly. As for blowing horns—that is a form of insanity.

Loss Amounted to \$117.75. The recent loss by fire on the dwelling house of David Jeffers at the corner of North River and Ravine streets was \$117.75, that being the amount settled for by the insurance companies.

GREAT FIRE IN NEW YORK.

Tenements and Business Buildings Destroyed—Police Shoot Looters.

New York, Jan. 2.—Fire originating in a business block on West Fifty-third street, early Tuesday, destroyed that building and, spreading, to adjoining tenement houses on both sides of the street, gave the fire department a hard fight.

Five alarms were sounded in quick succession, summoning an immense amount of apparatus to the scene while hundreds of police reserves were called to restore order among the families who fled in panic from the burning tenements.

At 2:15 o'clock ten buildings were destroyed or in flames. They were a stable block; a silk manufactory and eight tenements. At that hour the fire was gaining steadily and threatened the whole block. Tenants within a radius of a half dozen blocks had been ordered out. At 2:30 o'clock a dyeing establishment at 433 West Fifty-third street burst into flames. When the walls of the stable fell, John Shay, a fireman, went down with the ruins, fatally injured.

In imminent danger of his life Policeman Patrick Sully made his way to the top floor of a burning tenement, where he found a mother and six children huddled together and helpless from fear. Unaided and in repeated trips he carried the whole family to the street.

At 2:30 the fire was spreading and a hundred horses, released from the stable and ungovernable from fear, were running through the adjacent streets.

To add to the confusion thieves began looting the burning tenements. They were fired upon by the police but with what effect could not be learned.

Falling walls wrecked a water tower and made Fifty-third street in the vicinity of the fire impassable. All the police reserves on the west side and extra ambulances were in attendance.

Malthusian Theory Discarded.

The tendency of modern science and of modern thinkers is to discard the Malthusian doctrine and its implication that salvation lies in the restriction of population, and proceeding the other way around, to find means whereby the natural fertility of the earth may be brought to supply the needs of a natural growth of population.

Taming a Hummer.

The boys and girls will be surprised to hear, no doubt, that it is possible to tame a humming bird. A few cases are on record in which the efforts were successful. The method adopted was to put in the cage several paper flowers of a tubular form, and in them a little sugar and water, which was frequently renewed. After awhile the bird took the sweet, and appeared to be quite content.

Buy it in Janesville.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A Sale Within a Sale.

During the 12 days crazy cut prices of our Pre Inventory Sale we shall each day throw special efforts into some one stock, and on Thursday we shall tackle

FURS--TO CLOSE THEM OUT

1 plain Near Seal Coat, price \$45.00, for	\$29.70
1 plain Near Seal Coat, price \$55.00, for	35.75
1 plain Near Seal Coat, price \$60.00, for	41.25
1 beaver trimmed Near Seal Coat, price \$60.00, for	46.75
1 large Jap Mink Coat, price \$10.00, for	6.60
1 large Jap Mink Coat, price \$15, for	9.90
1 large Isabella Fox Coat, price \$13, for	8.25
1 large Martin Coat, price \$20, for	13.20
1 Brown Fur Lined Cloth Cloak, price \$27.50, for	13.50
1 Green Fur Lined Cloth Cloak, price \$30, for	15.00
4 Black Fur Lined Cloth Cloaks, price \$16.50, for	\$9.00
1 Squirrel Scarf, worth \$10, for	6.60
1 Squirrel Scarf, worth \$11, for	7.70
1 Squirrel Scarf, worth \$12.50, for	8.25
1 Isabella Fox Scarf, worth \$20, for	14.85
1 Isabella Fox Scarf, worth \$10, for	6.60
1 Blue Fox Scarf, worth \$13, for	8.80

And twenty-five other Scarfs in same proportion.

Buy Your FURS on Thursday, Jan. 3rd

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

TO MAKE JANUARY A LIVELY MONTH

We will start January 2nd with the following bargains, and add more to the list later:

Dress Goods 6 great lots worth much more than the prices asked, at 69, 48, 39, 25, 19, 14c.

Blankets All reduced for this sale. Wise ones will buy now.

Lace Curtains We offer 1000 pairs Nottingham Curtains worth about double present prices, at 2.68, 2.48, 2.19, 1.98, 1.78, 1.48, 1.28, 1.19, 98, 88, 75, 68, 48, 39c. Many other bargains in Curtains.

Heavy Portieres All at reduced prices. ROPE PORTIERES—Prices low to close.

Tapestry Yard Goods Fancy or plain, all at special prices.

Denims and Silkolines Bargain prices—largest stock for miles.

Bed Spreads Three leaders in fringed spreads—1.69, 1.29, \$1.00.

5000 yards Bleached Outing Flannel heavy, twilled, wide, value 12½c—15 yard cuts at 9½c.

Made Up Sofa Pillows All bought for Holiday selling. All to go at COST. \$2.00 kind at 1.50; 1.75 for 1.25; 1.19 for \$1.00; 98 for 75c.

Scotch Flannel 32 inch, stripes and checks, heavy, for skirts or shirts, wool mixed, the 20c kind, for 12½c.

Bleached Damask Exceptional values—85c grade for 73c; 75c grade for 64c.

Unbleached Outing Flannel Special lot—3000 yards, value 9c, 15 yard cuts at 7c.

Fancy Eiderdown Flannel Heavy, for bath robes, &c, value 25c, at 16c.

CLOAKS 150 Cloaks reduced for this sale to \$5.00, 4.00, 3.00, 2.00, \$1.00. OUR BEST CLOTH CLOAKS all go at 1-5 off and they are going lively.

HEAVY BROWN SHEETING—Yard wide, worth 10c; 3000 yards at 8c.

SHEETINGS—We allow no one to undersell us.

HEAVY FLANNELLETES—Fancy, the 13 and 20c kind at 12½c.

Sale Starts January 2nd and Continues During January.